

# THE CHELSEA HERALD.

A. ALLISON, Editor and Proprietor.

"Of the People and for the People."

Single Copies 5 Cents.

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NUMBER 10.

## S H SHOES E S

Shoes that are right in style. Shoes that are right in price. The largest and most complete assortment ever shown in Chelsea. The cheapest Shoes we sell are guaranteed solid and good wearers.

### Closing Out.

300 pairs women's fine Shoes without tips at about one-half actual value. All first class goods.

In this lot are represented some of the best makes known to the trade. Most of these goods we bought recently at very low prices, because they had no tips and the balance are taken from our regular stock and will go at much below original cost.

Women's \$4.00 Shoes for \$2.00.  
Women's \$3.50 Shoes for \$1.75.  
Women's \$3.00 Shoes for \$1.50.

Etc. Etc. Etc. Etc.

Men's genuine Calf Shoes in razor and the new square toe at \$2.25. The same grade of Shoes were never sold for less than \$3.00.  
Misses and Childrens Shoes at lower prices than you have ever bought them.

Remember—We are headquarters for Rubber Goods.

W. P. SCHENK & CO.

## WE ARE

Offering some great Bargains in

### Dinner and Tea Sets and Glassware,

And have just received our stock of LAMPS, and have them all the way in price from 15c to \$15.

If you are looking for FURNITURE be sure and see us as we are headquarters.

### HOAG & HOLMES.

Cheapest place to have pictures framed.

## Bargains in Shoes

We Have Just Bought a Bill of

**\$2,000 worth**

Of Factory Samples.

We bought these goods for less than half it cost to manufacture them, and will give you the benefit of this bargain if you will come and see us. Never before has there been offered in Chelsea such bargains as these.

The Shoes are A. C. McGran & Co's. make, and every pair warranted. Come early, so as to get your first choice, as there is only one pair of a kind, and they are going like hot cakes.

Also a complete line of winter goods now on hand at bottom prices. Groceries always at the bottom, and when others are crying low prices we are always just as low and generally cheaper. Try our Black Cross Tea at 50c a pound. You will use no other after you once try it.

Highest Market Price for Butter and Eggs.

W. F. RIEMENSCHNEIDER & CO'S.

#### A Bright Future.

Just at the present time a glance at the past and present, and a look into the future of Chelsea would not be inappropriate. The past of Chelsea has been much the same as with other villages, but there have been none of those spasmodic attempts at a "boom" that always end so disastrously. The village has grown and, although at times the future was a little dark, those who have watched it from its infancy, can see that the sky has cleared and a glorious future is in store for it. Although to some the village has not moved along as fast as they thought it should, still, it has been trading along much faster comparatively than many larger communities. In fact, Chelsea is one of the number of Michigan villages that show a large increase in the last ten years in population. This fact is significant and speaks for itself.

The village contains some of the best financiers in the state. Its citizens are, with but few exceptions, aggressive and pushing, and are gradually building up Chelsea until it will soon become one of the finest and most important villages in Michigan.

The Glazier Stove Company, manufacturers of Oil and Gas stoves, which is one of the largest manufacturing establishments in that line in the state, has done much to build up our village, while the enterprising produce firms of C. J. Chandler & Co., Kempf & Co., and J. P. Wood & Co., together with our hustling merchants, have all done their share.

For the first time in its history, it might be said that Chelsea is enjoying a "boom." Such is not the case, however, as the village is just developing what its citizens have been planning for it. In other words it is the reaping of a harvest, and although there is much activity in all circles, still it is nothing more or less than a good healthy growth, and one that will last for years.

The past summer a large number of handsome and substantial dwellings have been erected, giving employment to many carpenters and masons.

There is no village in the state, irrespective of size, more modern in its improvements. A decidedly pleasant impression is created on the stranger the moment he alights from the cars, and if it be at night, his eye is attracted by the many electric lights that illumine our streets and places of business, giving every indication of metropolitan life.

Chelsea is lighted by both arc and incandescent lights, and we have one of the most complete lighting plants in the state, owned by the Chelsea Electric Light Co., and backed by large capital.

The business men of Chelsea will give solid encouragement to substantial manufacturing establishments. Located as Chelsea is, in the midst of a large farming population, working some of the best farms in the state of Michigan; with unrivaled advantages as a shipping center, and for the procuring of raw material for manufacturing purposes, it will pay any one contemplating the establishment of manufacturing industries to correspond with any of our business men on the subject.

#### ADVANTAGES.

Among other advantages possessed by Chelsea, special attention is called to the following:

Healthfulness and remarkable low death rate.

Its markets are large and supplied with everything that can be desired at reasonable prices.

One good flouring mill sending its goods to all parts of the country.

One cigar factory employing a number of men.

Well equipped and efficient fire department.

Its people are active, energetic and noted for their hospitality to strangers.

The village is well governed, taxation not heavy, and the outlook is encouraging for all kinds of business in the future.

Good public schools and nearly a religious denominations are found here with fine edifices.

Two first class banking institutions.

One good saw and planing mill, also cooper shop, evaporators, etc.

Numerous beneficial and secret societies.

It has a pleasant and healthful climate and its sanitary condition could not be much better.

It affords great advantages for investment in new manufacturing enterprises on account of choice location near the railroad and all enterprises of this nature will be encouraged.

## PURE DRUGS.

We are on the aggressive in every department of our store. If close prices and first-class goods are any object to you, we shall certainly receive a share of your patronage. Remember the Bank Drug Store when in need of anything in the line of Medicines.

## WATCHES.

## Wall Paper

## Stationery

## GROCERIES

## Silverware

## Paints

Watches have taken the biggest tumble they ever have in the history of the trade, and every one who buys a time piece of us is getting the benefit. Don't buy without looking over our large new assortment.

## Jewelry

## Toilet Articles

Yours for close prices.

## F. P. Glazier & Co

**FOR** Latest Styles,  
Good Assortment  
Lowest Prices,

—IN—

\* **MILLINERY,**

—GO TO—

**MRS. J. STAFFA**

## YOU ARE OUT

If you do not buy your

**HARDWARE**

AND

**STOVES,**

Also Paints, Oils, Cutlery, Sewing Machines, Guns, Amunition, Saws, Axes, Stove Boards, Oil Cloth, and Tinware, of

**C. E. WHITAKER,**

South Main St.,

Chelsea, Mich.

**Excelsior Bakery,**

Chelsea, Mich.

Fresh Bread, Cakes and Pies always on hand. First-class Restaurant in connection

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WM. CASPARY.

**Subscribe**

for the

**Chelsea Herald.**

THE NEWS.

Compiled From Late Dispatches.

DOMESTIC.

SANFORD BALDWIN, of Hannibal, Mo., ended an unhappy marital existence by killing his wife and himself.

CHAUNCEY WHEATON, a wealthy farmer of Athens, Pa., was buncoed out of \$5,000 by two sharpers.

The visible supply of grain in the United States on the 22d was: Wheat, 76,659,000 bushels; corn, 3,399,000 bushels; oats, 9,145,000 bushels; rye, 408,000 bushels; barley 3,068,000 bushels.

A NATIONAL organization to be known as the Federated Metal Trades of America was formed in Indianapolis with Lee Johnson, of Kansas City, as president.

SHARP earthquake shocks were felt at Los Angeles, San Diego and Campo, Cal.

The president and his family left Buzzard's Bay, Mass., for Washington.

THE outlaws in Harlan county, Ky., have become so lawless and defiant that the authorities decided to suppress them at once.

JOHN H. DOOD, for thirty years business manager of the Courier, dropped dead at his home in Zanesville, O., of apoplexy.

An explosion from an unknown cause wrecked a St. Louis grocery store and injured five persons, one fatally.

A COLLISION between Southern Pacific trains near Walker Station, Tex., resulted in the death of two persons and the injury of four others.

In an action for damages Judge Field, of Louisville, Ky., decided the Pullman company was not a common carrier.

JAMES K. EDGERLY, returning to Fort Henry, N. Y., from Oklahoma, paid \$1,000 for a worthless bond to two confidence men in Chicago.

RUNS on the Pittsburgh (Pa.) "discretionary pools" continued, and George M. Irwin & Co., one of the principal concerns, suspended, with liabilities of over \$1,000,000.

A MYSTERIOUS disease has broken out among Arizona miners in the Cour d'Alene district. Several hundred persons have been stricken.

HELEN GRIEB, of Spokane, Wash., convicted of poisoning her sixth husband, was sentenced to ten years in the penitentiary.

In his annual report Gen. Otis urges the acquirement by the government of strategic points on Puget sound.

THE national convention of German worth leagues met at St. Paul with large attendance.

AFT. HENRY A. FORD, an educator and newspaper writer of state reputation, fell dead on a street car in Detroit.

THE Big Four railway shops at Wash, Ind., were destroyed by fire, singling a loss of over \$100,000.

YCLIST SEARLES completed his ride in Chicago to New York in 6 days, 6 hours and 30 minutes, lowering the vious record an hour.

BENEZER S. REEVE, a shoe dealer at Ladelphia, Pa., failed for \$100,000.

THE Central hotel at Raton, N. M., and James La Point, James Cool and Al Kennedy, railroad men, lished in the flames.

LONZO P. EDDY and his wife and children were killed by the cars while driving across the Erie tracks at its Flats, N. Y.

LBERT G. HARDING rode 100 miles on bicycle at St. Louis in 4:37 4-5, a cut the record of twenty-three minutes.

HE fishing schooner Dora A. Law, arrived at Gloucester, Mass., from banks and reported the loss of or of her crew.

AS a straight course at Buffalo, N. John S. Johnson rode a mile on a cycle in 1:35 2-5.

AN explosion from an unknown cause wrecked a Marion (Ind.) photograph gallery and three persons were lously injured.

P. TRADES & SONS, merchants at Lake City, made an assignment th liabilities of over \$200,000.

TEEL men from all parts of the countmet in New York to form a trust.

REED COGSWELL killed his wife at Leboro, Mass., during a quarrel and killed himself.

PUT an end to lawlessness in In territory Secretary Smith will commend abrogation of the treaties establishment of a territorial government.

CONNECTICUT savings banks notified depositors to withdraw all sums over \$10,000, so as to be relieved of the income tax.

AN equestrian statue of Maj. Gen. George B. McClellan was unveiled at Philadelphia with imposing ceremony.

STREN & Co., New York shirt manufacturers, failed for \$350,000 and Louis S. Stern, one of the partners, drowned himself.

THOMAS PURDY, Dayton, O., had for nearly a week been in a cataleptic trance, his body being as stiff as a poker.

TWO MEN lost their lives in a prairie fire which swept through portions of Cherry and Grant counties, Neb., burning over a strip of country 50 miles in width and destroying hay stacks, homes, and in some instances stock.

GOV. WILLIAM C. RENFROW, of Oklahoma territory, in his annual report to the secretary of the interior says the territory has a population of 250,000. The taxable valuation of the territory is \$19,947,923. The governor recommends the admission of Oklahoma and Indian territory as one state.

A NEW counterfeit \$5 treasury note with the Thomas head was in circulation in Rochester, N. Y.

THE eastern anthracite coal sales agents decided to advance prices twenty-five cents on stove and fifteen cents on other sizes.

FLYING JIR paced an exhibition mile in 2:08 1/2 at Louisville, Ky.

FRED DOUGLASS addressed the American Missionary association at Lowell, Mass. He said the negro still needed a helping hand.

A UNION COUNTY (N. J.) grand jury brought in a presentment against churches and societies which run lotteries at festivals.

A DAUGHTER of Squire House, of Jeffersonville, Ind., who has married 3,000 eloping couples, eloped with Roy Howard and was married.

THE statistician of the United States department of agriculture has made the following cotton crop estimate: Acres planted in 1893, 19,525,000; number of bales harvested, 7,493,000.

THE sudden extinguishment of the lights caused a panic in Noble's opera house at Tiffin, O., and a number of persons were badly injured.

J. J. REITHMAN and J. J. Reithman & Co., wholesale druggists in Denver, failed for \$500,000.

A TEN-ACRE tract of hone stone, a valuable mineral, has been discovered in Hardin county, Ia.

A DECREASE of \$14,281,596, of which \$10,000,000 is in the item of pensions, is shown by Secretary Smith's estimate of appropriations for the next fiscal year.

It was announced that foreign officials would cooperate with the United States in keeping criminals from emigrating to this country.

ELI KROUSE and Edward Wardneese, mill-owners, were run over and killed by a train at Reelsville, Ind.

ONE man was killed and eleven others entombed by a cave-in in the Pewabic mine at Iron Mountain, Mich.

SEVEN officials of justice's courts were indicted at Denver, Col., for forging names on witness certificates and defrauding the county out of thousands of dollars.

ACCORDING to a decision rendered at Kansas City, Mo., by Assistant United States District Attorney Draffen, all laws for punishing repeaters at the polls have been repealed.

THE exchanges at the leading clearing houses in the United States during the week ended on the 26th aggregated \$911,918,325, against \$950,045,906 the previous week. The decrease, compared with the corresponding week in 1893, was 8.

MISS AGNES JONES, who took a claim in Oklahoma, fatally shot Sam Bartell, who had jumped the claim during her absence.

AN unknown man started prairie fires in Nebraska which destroyed several lives and a vast amount of property.

STIRRED to action by a recent murder, people of Milwaukee will close the saloons in the vicinity of the soldiers' home.

JAMES J. WOOD, a poor carpenter of Springfield, O., returned from Ireland with \$200,000, his share of the estate of ancestors.

JUDGE WILLIAM BROOKS, 80 years old, one of the south's most eminent jurists, dropped dead at his home in Birmingham, Ala.

OFFICERS of the Omaha (Neb.) national bank were endeavoring to ferret out a thief who had stolen large amounts from its safety vaults.

THE post office at Roaring Springs, Pa., was robbed by unknown men, who secured 13,000 stamps and \$400 cash.

THE Cunarder Lucania has again beaten herself, making a trip across the Atlantic in 5 days, 7 hours and 23 minutes, the fastest ever made.

YOUNG HAMMETT, 14 years of age, committed suicide at Columbia, S. C. Punishment by his father for excessive cigarette smoking was the cause.

LABE LATHAM and Isaac Keebler, white caps, and Elijah Helton, their intended victim, were killed in a fight in Sevier county, Tenn.

OWING to the increase of smallpox Secretary Hoke Smith closed the entire interior department in Washington.

FIRE destroyed a warehouse of the Deering company's harvesting machine plant in Chicago, entailing a loss of \$200,000.

THERE were 231 business failures in the United States in the seven days ended on the 26th, against 253 the week previous and 352 in the corresponding time in 1893.

DANIEL MCCLINTOC, trustee of Clifty township, Ind., worried over a shortage in his accounts until death ensued.

CAPT. J. A. MANNING, inspector of life-saving stations, dropped dead in a train at Grand Rapids, Mich.

THE annual report of Gov. Thornton, of New Mexico, submitted to the secretary of the interior, says there has been no material change in population, but a healthy growth has set in of a desirable class of immigration in almost every county of the territory, especially in the agricultural portion.

DURING a quarrel over family matters and politics at Jeffersonville, Ind., Harvey Stone fatally stabbed his brother.

ROBBERS at Malvern, Ia., wrecked the Farmers' national bank with dynamite and stole about \$8,000 in cash.

ATTORNEY GENERAL OLNEY, speaking of the statement of the assistant district attorney at Kansas City that there was no law by which election frauds could be punished in United States courts, said state laws were in existence by virtue of which election frauds, whether of registration or of voting, could be punished by state courts.

PERSONAL AND POLITICAL.

MRS. HANNAH CHAFFEE, widow of Fay Chaffee, died at Adrian, Kan., aged 102 years.

J. C. DAHLMAN, democratic candidate for auditor of Nebraska, withdrew to aid in the election of his populist opponent.

MRS. MARY A. WOOLBRIDGE, general corresponding secretary of the International W. C. T. U., died at her home in Chicago.

DR. H. T. HELMBOLD, of patent medicine fame, died suddenly of apoplexy in the asylum for the insane at Trenton, N. J., aged 57 years.

COL. GARRICK MALLERY, U. S. A., retired, died in Washington. He was in charge of the signal service bureau from 1870 to 1876.

COL. CHARLES N. PINE, formerly editor of the Democrat at Princeton, Ill., died at Port Jarvis, N. Y., aged 61 years.

MRS. CHRISTIAN BOMBER celebrated her 105th birthday at Lewiston, Ill. She was 10 years old when Washington died. She is in fair health.

FOREIGN.

BRIGANDS visited the ranch of Francisco Perez, near Jalositlan, Mex., and killed Mr. Perez and four of his employees. Three of the bandits were captured and shot.

A BATTLE occurred near Yi Chow and the Japanese were repulsed with a loss of 3,000 men on each side.

THE Swedish schooner Alene, loaded with gunpowder, was blown up off Peterhead, Scotland, and all her crew perished.

TWO WOMEN and three children were killed and twenty-seven others injured during a panic in a church at Troch, Russia, caused by a lamp upsetting.

THREE THOUSAND houses were destroyed and 200 persons killed and many injured by an earthquake in Japan.

SIX men were killed and twenty injured by an explosion on the French cruiser Arethuse while her engines were being tested.

THE sultan of Morocco ordered Muley Amin to go to Melilla with a force of soldiers to delimit the Spanish and Moorish frontier.

CHANCELLOR VON CAPRIVI and Count Botho Zu Eulenberg, of the German cabinet, tendered their resignations to Emperor William.

DISPATCHES from Wi Ju state that Japanese troops routed the Chinese with heavy loss near Fushang, on the Yalu river.

LATER.

DYNAMITERS destroyed a Hungarian boarding-house at Laural Run, Pa., killing three men and wounding four others fatally.

SIXTEEN persons lost their lives by the destruction by fire of the West Street hotel at Seattle, Wash.

A CYCLONE did great damage in the vicinity of Tonkawa, O. T. Twenty houses were wrecked and their contents scattered.

CAPT. JOHN ADAM KOCH, a retired capitalist and veteran of the Mexican war, died at his home in Dubuque, Ia.

A WAGON containing a party returning from a dance was struck by a Big Four train near Lebanon, Ind., and five of the merry-makers were killed.

CLARENCE H. BLACKALL, a Boston architect, filed insolvency papers. His liabilities were estimated at \$290,000.

PRINCE HOHENLOHE-SCHILLINGSFURST has accepted the German chancellorship. He will also be premier of Prussia.

A FORCE of 17,000 Chinese was routed by the Japanese at Kiurenn, and 200 were killed and many captured.

AT East St. Louis, Ill., the Bridge and Terminal company's warehouse and 200 cars were burned at a loss of \$500,000.

THE Methodists of New York celebrated the founding of the first Methodist Episcopal church in America.

THREE men were killed and nine others injured by a train collision on the Pennsylvania railroad at Corydon, Pa.

DISPATCHES from Paris announce the death at Tours of Leon Palustre, the famous archaeologist.

HENRY W. MEYER, of Dayton, O., killed John J. Grimme, a neighbor and former friend, in a quarrel over a woman.

MRS. MARGARET E. EASTER, author of many popular poems, died at her home in Baltimore, aged 55 years.

PHILIP RAYMOND, of West Newton, Mass., attempted to shoot a muskrat when the gun exploded, instantly killing his wife.

FOREST fires did great damage in portions of Tennessee and Mississippi.

By a vote of 94 to 63 the lower house of the Georgia assembly refused to consider a resolution declaring for free silver.

FIRE at Asheville, N. C., destroyed the Southern railway's freight house, the loss being \$100,000.

THE home of J. S. Coxey, of commonwealth fame, near Massillon, O., was destroyed by fire with all its contents, the loss being \$10,000.

PILLSBURY'S ALWAYS THE BEST.

Attacks on the Celebrated Brands of Flour of the Pillsbury-Washburn Company Fall Flat.

The National Pure Food Exposition, now being held at Battery D, is a financial and artistic success. There is an interesting rivalry between the exhibitors that furnishes both profit and amusement to the visitors. The only thing to be regretted is that the representative of a brand of flour appears to think it necessary to make absurd and unreliable statements about the well-known Pillsbury brand of flour in order to call attention to the merits of the product which he represents. His statements, probably unauthorized and made without the knowledge of his employers, are not only absurd, but are offensive to the thousands of visitors who know that Pillsbury's Best is without a rival in the flour markets of the world. For twenty-four years it has maintained its supremacy, being the first patent process flour to be placed upon this market. It has established itself in the affections of nearly every housewife in the land. There is not a baker or bread-maker that does not know that Pillsbury's Best is the best. Other flours are often used because retailers find it more profitable, for the time being, to sell flours which cost them less and consequently give them a larger profit. The Pillsbury Mills are the largest in the world and the Pillsbury flour is universally conceded to be the brand par excellence. Consumers say that manufacturers of other patent flours have never succeeded in maintaining the high standard without variation for a series of years, which appears to be a secret known only to the makers of Pillsbury's Best.

There is a market for flours of all grades and makes, and it is to be regretted that the representative of any firm should have the mistaken idea that sales can be made by misrepresenting a flour of international reputation. This representative also attacks the celebrated brand of Washburn's Best, also made by the Pillsbury-Washburn Flour Mills company, as an imitation of some of the brands of flour made by the Washburn-Crosby company. This is very amusing, and simply shows dense ignorance when the fact is known that the brand of Washburn's Best has been on the markets of this country twenty years, while the present brand of Washburn-Crosby's superlative is only three years old.

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LULLABY.

Dear little girl, good night, good night. The pretty birds, in their nests are still. We watched the sun, as he sank from sight. Over the trees top, on yonder hill. Over the trees top, on yonder hill. Two stars have come since the daylight went. Way over there in the sky's dark blue; They must be angels that God has sent To watch my baby the whole night through.



Dear little girl, good night, good night. Hear the frogs in the meadow call. They croak and croak, in the evening light. Down in the pond, by the old stone wall. I think, perhaps, that they tell the flowers. Never to fear, though the world is dark; They know the fiery lights the hours. All night long, with his cheerful spark.

Dear little girl, good night, good night. Dear little head, with your silky hair. Dear little form, that I hold so tight. Cozy and warm in the nursery chair. White lids are veiling the eyes so clear. Over their blueness the fringes creep. Slower and slower, I rock you dear. My little girl, asleep. Asleep. —May H. Taylor, in Good Housekeeping.

WHAT in the name of all that is weird and mysterious is that? Night had closed in dark and cold. The wind came whistling and sighing over the mountains and through the pines in a way that, to one experienced, indicated a storm. John Maynard, in his light buggy, on a lonely valley road in North Carolina, hungry, tired and with a weary horse, had concluded not to attempt to drive on to Shelbyville until morning; and, under the supposition that he would find a dwelling of some kind, had turned his horse up a steep, stony narrow lane, on either side of which lay a low snake fence. Having reached the first "rising," the horse paused of his own accord for a breathing spell, and John, peering about him into the darkness in a vain effort to discover some signs of a habitation, became aware of a small light in a patch of woods on his left. It was not the light from a window of a house, for it was small, and moved along slowly in a dancing, uncertain way for a short distance, then remained stationary.

"A will-o'-the-wisp in the dismal swamp, perhaps," John muttered. "Anyway, I intend to find out;" and he got out of the buggy, jumped over the fence and made his way as rapidly as possible in the direction of that curious spot of flame. He felt, as he stumbled along in the darkness, that he was doing a foolish thing in thus gratifying his curiosity, and he was conscious of a slight shock when, at last, he reached the light; for it came from a small lantern which stood at the head of a solitary grave inclosed by a low picket fence of rough stakes. It was marked by a plain slab of wood, on which was painted, in big, black, crooked letters:

"SARAH, AGE, 68."

John Maynard stood looking at it a few moments, wondering by whom the lantern had been put there, and for what reason. As he turned away he saw a small box at the foot of the grave. He picked it up and pulled off the slide-cover, disclosing to view a pair of iron-bowed spectacles, and a ball of gray yarn with four rusty steel knitting-needles thrust through it. "Well! This certainly beats anything I ever saw before!" ejaculated John, as he put the box down again and walked back to his horse and buggy in the lane.

He drove on for about half a mile, and was beginning to wonder if he would be obliged to spend the night in the woods, when the barking of a dog told him that he must be near a dwelling of some sort; and a few minutes later he perceived a two-room cabin standing in the middle of a small clearing. Before it burned a small fire of pine brush; and as he stopped his horse at the bars which did duty for a gate, a lank yellow-and-black hound came bounding down from the cabin, barking loudly. "Halloa!" shouted John, at the top of his voice; and "Halloa, yerse'f," responded a thin, sallow woman in a coarse homespun dress, as she appeared at the door of the cabin, a short-stemmed clay pipe in her mouth. "My good lady, I'm looking for a place to stay overnight. Can you accommodate me?" asked John, in his most ingratiating tone of voice. "I can't very well sleep out in the woods, you know."

"Have you got a lantern?" asked John. "No, I hain't. Pap he's got one, but he don't let nobody lay a finger on it. I'll put a light outen the fence, though, en ye kin see by hit, I reckon."

Reaching up to a little shelf near the door she took down a knife and a piece of fat pork, from which she cut a generous slice. Laying it in a tin plate she carried it out to the fence and set it on a post. Then, taking a half-burned stick from the fire in the yard, she lit the pork, and left it to burn smokily in the wind. By this light John took his way to the barn, found the "roughness" and corn, and made his wearied horse comfortable for the night.

Returning to the house, he sat down on a splint-bottomed chair just within the doorway, until his hostess came to the door of the little shanty in the rear to summon him to supper. "Neow, come aout en git a bite," she said.

He followed her into the "little house," which was used solely as kitchen and dining-room, the cooking being done at an open hearth, before which was a frying-pan, an old iron teakettle and two brown stone crocks. In the middle of the room was a pine table, its appointments being of the commonest and cheapest description. The crockery was thick and heavy, and badly chipped; the knives had crooked bone handles, the forks were two-tined, and a tin tomato served as a coffee pot.

"Neow jist go over in the corner thar en rake Tige off'n that stool," said the woman, referring to a large yellow dog sitting on a puncheon stool in a corner of the room, "en draw up. On this side ye'll find pickles, en on t'other, ingurns. Jes'cut butter en make a beginnin'. We're mighty people ter live at home, hyah. Won't ye hev some o' these greens on yer plate? They're powerful well shortened. Will ye hev short sweet'nen' or long sweet'nen' in ye coffee? Some likes it one way en some another."

John, who had a decided "sweet tooth," said he preferred "long sweetening," thinking to secure an extra allowance of sugar; and was rather dismayed when the old woman took up a small iron spoon and put into his cup two spoonfuls of sorghum. But he said nothing in protest, fearing to offend.

"Neow, jist reach en take; ye're sittin' handy," said his hostess. John was so hungry that he was able to make a hearty meal upon the coarse fare provided for him, and, having declared himself highly pleased



HOLDING A BATTERED UMBRELLA OVER THE LONELY GRAVE.

with everything, was told to go into the "big house" again while the old woman washed the dishes and "breshed about a bit."

As he crossed the narrow space between the two houses, an old man with long white hair came slowly across the yard from the smouldering fire, and, entering before him, took a seat by the hearth.

"Thar's another cheer over thar by the bed, stranger," he said, nodding to John.

He was a sorry-looking old man in his patched, faded, homemade clothes, and with his wrinkled, sallow face, faded blue eyes, and long white hair; and he was evidently not given to loquacity, for after his remark about the chair he kept silent, staring into the fire in a dreamy way, his withered hands clasped tight together.

The woman—who could not have been over fifty years of age, though she looked much older—came in presently and sat down in a stiff wooden chair on the opposite side of the hearth from John.

"Why don't you take the rocker?" John asked, glancing toward a big rocking-chair, with a soiled patchwork cushion, which stood near the one window.

"She can't," spoke up the old man, quickly, a sudden flash in his faded eyes. "That's mam's."

John looked inquiringly at his hostess.

"Ye mustn't pay no heed ter him; he ain't jist right in his mind," she said, frankly. "Mam, she died hyah a spell back—goin' on four months, I reckon. en pap, he ain't ben jist right since. He tuk on fearful when she was laid out. He 'couldn't' pear ter sense it out. He 'couldn't' come back no more. That she wouldn't come back no more. He's mighty tryin' sometimes. He won't let nobody set in that thar cheer, en he goes reg'lar every night ter set a light on mam's grave. Mam she was a gret hand ter have a light soon's it war dark, en pap he ain't fergot it."

John nodded. "I saw the light there," he said. "I wondered what it meant."

"There cayn't nobody git him outen them notions," went on the woman. "So we uns jist let him be. I don't hurt nobody."

"Yes, it's better to let him have his own way," John said.

Soon after this the small household retired, John being told to go "up ladder," where he'd find a shakedown which he would have to share with pap.

Was it a dream that some time during the night he heard the rain dashing against the roof and some one moving about the loft? Did he dream that he heard a thin, weak voice say: "I'm a hurryin'; don't be skeered, mam. Pap'll be thar. Pap ain't goin' ter let nothin' tech ye."

He knew the next morning, when he awoke at daylight and discovered that his bedfellow was not beside him, that it couldn't have been a dream, and as soon as possible he made his way down the ladder to find out if pap were below.

The woman was hanging the kettle over the fire she had just built, but pap was not to be seen. "Sakes alive! Ye don't mean ter say pap went out in the night!" she cried, when she heard John's story. "Ef that don't beat all! He's gone down ter mam's grave, I reckon. Mam she was that skeered of a storm, she was like ter go crazy."

"We'd better go after him, I think, and the sooner the better," said John. "I reckon we had. Pap's mighty tryin' in." He ought not to do me this way."

Beside the lonely grave in the wood they found him, holding over it a battered, dilapidated umbrella, drenched to the skin, and muttering words of comfort and protection to the ears of the dead wife who he could not realize was dead, for evermore, to his weak, quavering old voice.

They had some difficulty in inducing him to return home.

"Mam'll be skeered of the storm," he said, over and over. It was his only argument.

But they got him home at last, and his daughter put him to bed, with a bottle of hot water at his feet, and half a dozen quilts over him.

"I reckon he's in for a spell of sickness," she said to John when she went out to let down the bars for him as he was about to drive away. "I reckon when my old man en the gals gits back I'll send for one o' them town doctors. This hyar doctor in the mounting is mighty good on neuralgia and toothache, but I reckon he wouldn't know jist how ter tackle pap."

But even the "town doctor's" efforts proved unavailing. Two weeks later, when John stopped at Shelbyville on his return trip, he made a point of finding the medical man who had been called to attend poor old pap, and learned that the old man had died after an illness of only four days, and that his grave had been made beside that of the wife he had loved with such pathetic fidelity.—Demorest's Magazine.

FRENCH WARS.

The Cost in Human Life During the Past Century.

A Paris journal, Annales d'Hygiene Publique, has lately printed an article on the loss of life in France caused by wars in the course of a century. At the beginning of the revolution in 1789 the standing army numbered about 120,000 men. In the course of the year 1793 the footing was increased to 1,300,000, of whom about 1,200,000 marched off to the various battle-fields. In 1798 there was hardly one-third of this legion alive. Ten years later—that is, after the wars in Belgium, along the Rhine, in Egypt and the Vendee—there were 677,588 soldiers in the French army. In the period between 1800 and 1815 the wars of the consulate and the empire cost the country, according to Thiers, 2,000,000 men, and according to Charles Richet, 3,000,000. The years of the restoration and of the July government were comparatively peaceful for France. Under the second empire France had again heavy losses by the Crimean war, the Italian campaign, the campaigns in China and Mexico, and, finally, in the Franco-Prussian war of 1870-71. In the Oriental campaign of 1854 to 1856 96,615 of the 300,000 soldiers who took part in it were buried in foreign lands. The Italian campaign cost the country 10,200 men, and 1,000 of the 8,000 sent to China in 1860 never returned. There are no trustworthy reports as to the losses in Mexico, but in the Franco-Prussian war 189,000 Frenchmen were killed and 143,000 wounded.

She Surprised Him. A demure, pretty young lady boarded an up-town car the other day and apparently fell into a deep reverie. As the passengers were few the conductor did not come round for the fares for some time. When he reached the young lady she absent-mindedly shook hands with him instead of handing him a nickel. Then she recovered herself, blushed furiously and gave him the correct fare. The conductor retired to the rear platform and gazed tenderly at the hand she had pressed for several minutes.—N. Y. Herald.

—The Sister's Beau—"So, Johnny, you're going to be a chemist like papa, eh? And did you know this diamond of mine was the same substance as charcoal?" Johnny—"No, T. S. B.—'And hasn't papa told you that?" Johnny—"No. He said it was paste."

—Life's Calendar.

MICHIGAN STATE NEWS.

Cost of a Kiss. A demand for a kiss from Mrs. Ida Green, of Whitman Lake, cost Joseph Hawes, an aged and wealthy farmer of Jackson county, and the father of thirteen children, \$25. Mrs. Green sued Hawes for \$25,000, alleging improper liberties. She claimed that he came to her while she was alone one night and asked her to drink wine with him and demanded that she kiss him. The jury in the case brought in a verdict of \$25 damages for the woman.

Health in Michigan. During the week ended October 20 reports sent in by fifty eight observers in various portions of the state to the state board of health indicated that intermittent fever and influenza increased and inflammation of the bowels decreased in area of prevalence. Typhoid fever was reported at sixty-five places, diphtheria at thirty-three, scarlet fever at forty, consumption at 221 and smallpox at Detroit, Rives, Manchester and Norville.

Smallpox Among Prisoners. There was commotion at the Detroit house of correction when Health Officer Shulte diagnosed the sickness of an inmate as smallpox. The man had been serving in prison eleven months and the authorities cannot see how he could have caught the disease. Capt. Nicholson at once ordered a general vaccination and had the man removed to the city pesthouse, where there are at present thirty-four smallpox patients.

Condition of Michigan Banks. Commissioner of Banking Sherwood issued a consolidated statement of the condition of 164 state banks and four trust companies at the close of business October 2. Total assets were \$76,591,312; deposits, \$58,618,814, of which \$34,673,699 were savings. Compared with the report made June 18 last there was an increase of assets of \$1,503,537, and of deposits of \$1,176,728, of which \$706,854 were savings.

American Furniture in England. The Grand Rapids syndicate of furniture manufacturers who opened a warehouse and sample room in Manchester, England, in September, has secured several heavy contracts in competition with English firms from British wholesale firms, and the firms in Grand Rapids are making up the goods. The largest orders are for desks and sideboards.

Implicate Each Other. The sworn statements of Knowles, Bodewig and Hall, the alleged Battle Creek Grand Trunk train wreckers, were made public at Marshall. Knowles admits that Bodewig and himself stole the claw-bar with which the fish-plates were removed. He charges that after the wreck Bodewig admitted wrecking the train with two others.

Killed in a Fire. Fire in the yards of the Thayer Lumber company at Muskegon consumed 500,000 feet of hemlock. Loss, \$10,000. John Ellens, assistant chief, was caught beneath a falling pile and killed. He had been in the department since 1877 and was a general favorite.

Grand Lodge of Odd Fellows. The Michigan Grand Lodge of Odd Fellows in semi-session at Grand Rapids elected officers as follows: Grand master, M. R. Salter, Ithaca; deputy, H. M. Wilder, Grand Rapids; secretary, E. H. Whitney, Lansing; treasurer, B. D. Pritchard, Allegan; representative, George D. Davis, Lansing.

Michigan Baptists. The state Baptist convention in session at Lansing elected the following officers for the ensuing year: President, W. L. Farnum, Flint; secretary, H. F. Cochrane, Springport; treasurer, W. W. Beman, Ann Arbor; auditor, T. T. Leete, Jr., Detroit.

Mary Hill, a white domestic at Wayne county poorhouse, gave birth to twins, one white and the other coal black.

Mrs. Charles Fisher, Miss Laura Hinkle and Mrs. Julia Spindler were rescued from drowning at Saginaw by three young men.

The state board of health proposes to take radical action for the prevention of consumption, which has been clearly demonstrated to be a communicable disease.

A fire which started in a warehouse of the American Paper company in Detroit destroyed in all \$50,000 worth of property.

At Saginaw the carriages of Mrs. Frances Newell and William C. Cornwall collided and the former was thrown out and seriously injured. She sued Cornwall for \$25,000 damages and a jury awarded her \$5,000.

School Inspector Joseph A. Walsh, on trial at Detroit on the charge of having accepted a bribe, was acquitted.

The reunion of the Twenty-eighth Michigan infantry was held at Jackson.

The comptroller of the currency has declared a 10 per cent. dividend in favor of the creditors of the Northern national bank of Big Rapids. Mrs. Kenneth McLeod, living in Elk township, was born in Inverness, Scotland, in 1793, and is still vigorous, though she has been blind for four years.

BLOWN UP BY DYNAMITE.

Unknown Dastards Cause Three Deaths in Pennsylvania—Many Hurt.

WILKESBARRE, Pa., Oct. 29.—A dastardly outrage was perpetrated at 5 o'clock Sunday morning wherein it was premeditated by the scoundrels to sacrifice fifty or sixty lives by sending them into eternity with a force of dynamite. The motive was undoubtedly robbery, and it resulted in the death of three Hungarians, while a large number were injured, eight of whom are in a serious condition.

The dead are Frank Novako, Mike Calletz and George Silatski. Calletz leaves a wife and four children in Hungary, and Silatski a wife and two children in Bohemia. Novako was single. McDonald & Sayre, railroad contractors, are building a second track of 7 miles on the Lehigh Valley cut-off at a point 1 mile from Fairview in the wilds of Wilkesbarre mountain. A Hungarian camp was located which was presided over by Mike Urklowitz and wife. The camp consisted of a rough building 30 feet square constructed in the midst of a thicket of scrub oaks beside the track. During the night, as is always the custom, three of the sixty Hungarian boarders, men and women, sat up on watch and were willing away the time playing cards.

Some time during the night a party of desperadoes secured a battery and brought it to the railroad track in front of the camp and connected it with a wire, completing a circuit to each corner of the camping house. A tool chest near by was broken open, from which were taken a number of dynamite sticks, which were distributed beneath the building. The circuit completed, it was but a moment's work to turn on the battery setting off the dynamite. However, in the haste with which the miscreants worked they made faulty connection at the battery, and when it was turned on but one and certainly not more than two of the dynamite sticks exploded.

Frank Novako, who was one of the party playing cards on the first floor was instantly killed, both legs being blown off at the knee. The building totally collapsed and was shivered into slivers, excepting one-half of the roof which sank in, partially covering the debris. The two other men at the card table were scarcely injured at all, while the others killed and injured met their fate from the collapse of the building. Occurring as it did before daybreak, the condition of the unfortunate foreigners was deplorable, and in their frenzied condition they knew not which way to turn or how to act. The force of the explosion was so great that the earth was torn up about the site of the camp, and their effects in the way of baggage, cooking utensils, etc. were scattered in every direction.

The boarding boss says he is at a loss as to what prompted the deed. So far as he knows, he has no enemies in the world. Some of the boarders think the motive was robbery, as several of them were known to have considerable money in their possession. If this was the object, it is plain why the villains placed so much of the explosive under the building. They wanted to kill every person in the place in order to get the plunder and then escape detection.

One of the wounded men says that immediately after the explosion he saw four strange men running down the roadway leading to the village of Miners' Mills. They carried lanterns. While he lay on the ground another stranger approached him and rifled his pockets. He also cut the belt which encircled his waist and carried it away.

ROUTED THE CHINESE.

Another Important Stronghold Captured by the Japanese.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 29.—The Japanese legation has received a dispatch which confirms the news published in dispatches from Shanghai of a second victory of the Japanese army under Marshal Yamagata. The telegram is dated Hiroshima, and reads as follows: "Before dawn of October 26 our army under Marshal Yamagata attacked Kin-Len-Cheng, one of the important strongholds upon the Chinese frontier. The place was defended by 16,000 troops under Gens. Lin and Song. They fled after offering only a slight resistance, and the Japanese forces took possession of the fortifications and the city. They captured thirty large field guns, an immense quantity of rice, food of other kinds, etc., and more than 300 tents. The Japanese loss was twenty killed and eighty-three wounded. The Chinese lost more than 200 killed; the exact number of their wounded is not known."

LONDON, Oct. 29.—A dispatch to the Times from Shanghai says that the Chinese fleet has been ordered to protect Shanghai-Kuen. The dispatch adds that a Japanese fleet with thirty-four torpedo boats is threatening Wei-Hai-Wei.

PEWABIC MINERS SAVED.

Rescuing Party Reaches Them and Finds Them All Right.

IRON MOUNTAIN, Mich., Oct. 29.—The entombed miners at Pewabic were all rescued alive Saturday morning at 5:30 o'clock. At 4 o'clock it was known they were all alive, as the workers were near enough to talk with them. They said they were all alive, but were suffering from chills. Hunger had not bothered them very much. In an interview with W. Oliver he said it was the longest forty-eight hours he ever put in. It was terribly dismal, but they all felt better when they heard the distant knocking and noise, for they knew it was a rescuing party.

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### Chelsea and Vicinity.

Registration Saturday.  
Election next Tuesday.  
Sam. Guerin is clerking for Blach, the  
grocer.  
P. J. Lehman was in Ann Arbor Monday  
on business.  
Mrs. Fred Vogel is visiting relatives at  
Ann Arbor.  
Mr. Benj. Winans, of South street, is on  
the sick list.  
Saxe Stimson is the guest of friends at  
Albion this week.  
Ralph Pierce spent several days of last  
week in Williamston.  
J. E. Durand, of Jackson, called on  
Chelsea friends last Tuesday.  
Chancy Hummel is on the road for the  
Imperial Food Co., of Chelsea.  
Mrs. Jas. Geddes, of Park street, spent  
Sunday with friends at Dexter.

H. Baldwin is having an addition built  
to his farm house east of town.  
John O. Thompson, of the Dexter Leader,  
and wife were in town last Friday.

Miss Myrta Kempf, of Orchard street,  
was an Ann Arbor visitor last Friday.

Mr. Alva Frer and Mrs. C. H. Kempf  
are visiting relatives at Mason this week.

G. Johnson, of West Middle street, is  
laying the foundation for a barn in the  
rear of his lot.

W. W. Wedemeyer and E. P. Allen  
addressed a large audience at the hall last  
Monday night.

Mrs. Newkirk, of Dexter, was the guest  
of Mr. and Mrs. Warren Cushman Satur-  
day of last week.

The Board of Supervisors have re-elected  
C. H. Kempf of this village as Superinten-  
dent of the poor.

Jas. L. Cooke, who purchased the  
Wright house on South Main street, has  
had the house raised to two stories.

Mr. and Mrs. H. I. Stimson, of Parma,  
were the guests of Mr. and Mrs. Chas.  
Stimson, of Garfield street, last Sunday.

Miss Agnes McKone, of South Main  
street, entertained her cousin, Miss Alice  
Long, of Jackson, a few days of last week.

Miss Fannie Warner is taking a two-  
weeks vacation and Miss Pearl Davis is  
filling her position at the telephone office.

Mrs. M. H. Stanley, of Chicago, and  
Mrs. H. Pellet, of Jackson, were the guests  
of their sister, Mrs. J. H. Runciman, last  
week.

Miss Maggie Nagle returned to her home  
in Monroe last Monday, after a three weeks  
visit with her brother, Anthony Nagle, of  
this place.

Byron Wight, of Detroit, was in town  
last Saturday, and while here sold his  
property on Jefferson street to H. M.  
Twanley.

Mrs. J. H. Osborne and son, of Grand  
Rapids, are visiting with Mrs. Osborne's  
parents, Mr. and Mrs. M. J. Noyes, of  
Main street.

A fair sized audience greeted the Arion  
Entertainers at the Opera House last  
Friday evening. The Company gave a  
very pleasing entertainment.

Amos Gregg, who was injured by a  
train several weeks ago, received as a  
present from his K. O. T. M. tent, a  
handsome pair of crutches.

The ladies of the M. E. church have  
purchased 200 plants, which they will sell  
cheap at their Chrysanthemum Fair, to be  
held at the Town Hall, Friday and Satur-  
day, Nov. 9th and 10th.

The democrats hold a mass meeting at  
Freedom town hall, Wednesday evening,  
Oct. 31st. The Lima Cornet Band will  
discourse music, and fireworks will be  
provided for the evening.

The following merchants are now using  
the arc lights: W. P. Schenk & Co., J. S.  
Cummings, M. Boyd, Bessel & Staffan,  
J. J. Raftery, C. E. Whitaker, Chelsea  
House and F. P. Glazier & Co.

Herbert A. Sprague, the impersonator  
and humorist, is to appear in the Young  
People's Entertainment Course, Wednesday  
evening, Nov. 7, at the Chelsea Opera  
House. Don't fail to hear him.

October 25th, 1894, being the first  
wedding anniversary of Mr. and Mrs. Geo.  
Fuller, of Battle Creek, Mrs. Fuller very  
appropriately presented her husband with  
a plump, rosy youngster of the female  
persuasion.

Mrs. F. Girbach and two daughters,  
Misses Tillie and Paula, Mr. Fred Heller  
and son, Master Adolph, and Mr. and  
Mrs. Michael Wackenhut, and daughter,  
Miss Ola, attended the Birkle-Schlee  
wedding at Lodi last Thursday.

Last Wednesday evening deputy sheriff  
Staffan arrested Jas. A. Smith and Geo.  
Hart, both strangers in this vicinity, on  
suspicion of being the parties who stole  
an overcoat and mackintosh from the forms  
in front of W. P. Schenk & Co's. store.  
The parties are now in the Ann Arbor jail  
awaiting their trial.

### Zowe-Wade.

On Tuesday, Oct. 30, 1894, at St. Mary's  
church, the marriage of Mr. Michael Howe  
and Miss Mary Wade, both estimable  
young people of Chelsea, was solemnized  
by Rev. William P. Coneldine.

The high altar was beautifully decorated  
with choice cut flowers, and the church  
was well filled with the relatives and  
friends of the happy couple. Mr. Ignatius  
Howe and Miss Agnes Wade were the  
attendants.

An elegant wedding breakfast was  
served at the residence of Mr. and Mrs.  
James Wade, the parents of the bride. It  
was a happy gathering, limited only to the  
relatives, and most intimate friends.

Mr. and Mrs. Howe repaired soon after  
to their home in Sylvan, which was costly  
and comfortably prepared for them. They  
are highly esteemed for their many good  
qualities, and a host of good wishes go  
with them for a happy wedded life.

### Hon. R. Kempf.

Hon. R. Kempf, of Ann Arbor, Mich.,  
Republican nominee for Representative in  
the state legislature, is too well known to  
the people of the first representative dis-  
trict to need an introduction from us.

Mr. Kempf is a pioneer of Washtenaw,  
having spent forty years of his life within  
this county. A German by birth, a  
patriotic native American, with a rare and  
extensive business experience, eminently  
fitting him to represent his constituency  
in the legislative halls of our state.

Mr. Kempf is also extensively interested  
in farming and among his many business  
enterprises, farming takes a front rank.  
His interests are in a direct line with the  
agricultural interests of the farmer, he feels  
keenly the great shrinkage in the value of  
agricultural products, and will, if elected,  
when opportunity offers, cast his vote for  
the betterment of the agricultural interests  
of our state. He is an ardent advocate of  
economy in state affairs. His legislative  
experience as state senator will enable him  
to make his influence felt in our legislature.

The voters of the first representative  
district of Washtenaw county, comprising  
the township of Sylvan, Lyndon, Dexter,  
Lima, Fre dom, Scio, Webster, Northfield,  
Ann Arbor and Salem and the City of Ann  
Arbor, will make no mistake in casting  
their votes for Mr. Kempf. His election  
will be an honor to the first district. We  
predict his election by a handsome  
majority.

### School Report.

Report of school in district No. 7,  
Sylvan, for the month ending Oct. 27th.

Number enrolled 25; attending every  
day, Carrie Goodrich, Ethel Davidson,  
Albert Hinderer, Edwin Laubengayer,  
Amanda Hinderer, Alvin Kellam, Dave  
Laubengayer, Anna Gutekunst; standing  
90, Emma Bohnet; 85, Carrie Goodrich,  
Chauncey Freeman, Dave Rockwell; 80,  
Anna Gutekunst; promoted from seventh  
to eighth grade, Arthur Rockwell. Alvin  
Kellam, Arthur Rockwell have not mis-  
spelled a word in written spelling during  
the month, Emma Bohnet and Dave Rock-  
well missing but one.

Mrs. L. A. STEPHENS, Teacher.

### Letter List.

Following are the letters remaining un-  
claimed in the postoffice at Chelsea  
Oct. 29, 1894.

Mr. Milton Richards.  
J. F. Robinson.  
Frank Bobean. (stand on Fair ground.)

Persons calling for any of the above  
please say "advertised."

GEO. S. LAIRD P. M.

### Registration Notice.

The Board of Registration for the town-  
ship of Sylvan will be at the Town Hall,  
Chelsea, Nov. 3rd, 1894, from 8 o'clock  
a. m., till 5 o'clock p. m. for the purpose  
of registering all names of such persons,  
who may have the necessary qualifications  
of an elector of said Township, who may  
apply.

Dated at Chelsea, Oct. 24th, 1894.  
FRED W. ROEDEL, Clerk.

### Cure for Headache.

As a remedy for all forms of Headache  
Electric Bitters has proved to be the very  
best. It effects a permanent cure and the  
most dreaded habitual sick headaches yield  
to its influence. We urge all who are  
afflicted to procure a bottle, and give this  
remedy a fair trial. In cases of habitual  
constipation Electric Bitters cures by  
giving the needed tone to the bowels, and  
few cases long resist the use of this  
medicine. Try it once. Large bottles  
only Fifty cents at F. P. Glazier & Co's.  
Drug Store.

### Obstinate Colds.

Dr. Humphreys' Specific No. 77, will  
"break up" an obstinate cold that "hangs  
on." Put up in small vials of pleasant  
pellets; just fit your vest pocket; price 25  
cents; all druggists.

## A Square Deal

Is what we give to every  
customer, for we believe the  
best advertisement is a man  
pleased with the goods we've  
sold him—pleased with his  
investment clear through.  
He will come again and  
again, and his friends will  
come too. We sell goods  
with the expectation of hold-  
ing your trade. It is to our  
interest to treat you square.

The following are a few of  
our Bargains:

Frankforts, the best  
in the market, 10 cents  
per pound.

Ham sausage, as  
good as you ever ate,  
8 cents per pound.

Bolognas, made from  
the finest of meat, only  
7 cents per pound.

Good boiling beef,  
5 cents per pound.

Beef rib 5 cents  
per pound.

A good pair of shoes  
for boys or girls, only  
85 cents per pair.

The best thing in  
the overall line in town  
only 50 cents per pair.

Come to us for your  
gloves this fall. Large  
line. Price right.

If you want a good  
whip for next to noth-  
ing, come to us.

Remember we keep  
everything in the gro-  
cery line.

1000 gallons syrup,  
sold everywhere at 30  
and 40 cts., our price,  
18c per gallon.

R. A. SNYDER.

## MILLINERY

For stylish and artistic work we call  
your attention to this season's  
display of

### Hats & Bonnets.

Also a fine line of

Feathers, Ribbons

and

Millinery Novelties.

All new and handsome trimmings.

## ELLA M. CRAIG,

Over H. S. Holmes' store.

## Dr. W. A. CONLAN,

DENTIST.

Office Over Glazier's Drug Store,  
CHELSEA, MICHIGAN.

## PALMER & TWITCHELL

PHYSICIANS

AND

SURGEONS.

Office over Kempf's new bank, Chelsea.

## H. W. SCHMIDT,

Physician & Surgeon.

SPECIALTIES:—Diseases of the  
Nose, Throat, Eye and Ear.

OFFICE HOURS:—10 to 12 and  
2 to 5.



Operative, Prosthetic  
and Ceramic Dent-  
istry in all their  
branches. Teeth ex-  
amined and advice  
given free. Special  
attention given to  
children's teeth: Nitrous oxide and Local  
Anesthetic used in extracting. Permanently  
located.

H. H. AVERY, D. D. S.  
Office over Kempf Bro's Bank.

# S. HOLMES MERCANTILE CO.

We are showing the largest and best assorted line of

## Cloaks, Plush and Fur Capes.

We are offering especial inducements to all buyers in this department.

We are receiving new goods every day, and always have on hand all the newest novelties. Call and look over this department.

Shall sell for this week only, all lace curtain remnants at just one-half price.

# S. HOLMES MERCANTILE COMPANY.

Sole agents for Chelsea for the celebrated Butterick patterns. Monthly Fashion Plates, Delineators, Metropolitan plate, etc.

## "HUMBUGGED!"

### NEVER,

When you order your Clothes of Webster. Everything guaranteed and ONLY best material used.

## Geo. Webster.

## READ THIS!

We do not employ Solicitors or Agents, nor do we sell coupons, but all we are making Photographs. If you are in want of anything in our line, call at our Gallery, **Examine our work**, obtain our **Latest Prices, make a sitting**, and when we deliver our work you will be **satisfied**. We also have a stock of frames to choose from. Orders received for **Crayon Portraits** at Reasonable Prices.

Gallery over Holmes' store.

## E. E. SHAVER, Photographer

## STOVES! STOVES! STOVES!



Look through our Stock before you buy a stove this fall. It is complete and our prices as usual are right. Heating stoves from \$5.00 up.

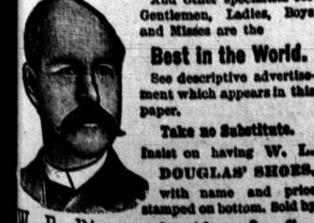
Lowest prices ever known on Furniture. Pictures Framed. **W. J. KNAPP.**

## JOHN BAUMGARDNER, Designer and Builder of Artistic Granite Memorials.

Office, 6 Detroit St., Ann Arbor, Mich. Established 1868.

We keep on hand large quantities of all the various granites in the country, and are prepared to execute fine monumental work on short notice. Original Designs. Correspondence Solicited. Electric Works 6, 8, 10 Detroit St., and 17-19 5th Ave. Dock and Derrick 2-8 Miller Ave.

## W. L. DOUGLAS \$3 SHOE



W. F. Riemenschneider & Co.

## FRANK SHAVER, Proprietor of the City Barber Shop & Bath Rooms

Babcock building, N. Main St. CHELSEA, MICHIGAN.

Store to Rent. The best Grocery Stand in Chelsea. Also rooms over Store. Furnished as desired. Inquire of J. P. Wood. 36. Subscribe for the HERALD. \$1.00.

### Here and There.

House to rent. Inquire of Beissel & Staffan.  
The residents of Waterloo want a doctor to locate there.  
They are coming Dec. 4th. The famous Canadian Jubilee Singers and Imperial Orchestra.  
The light rains of late have started wheat to growing and it looks well for the chance it has had.  
Miss Mary Dunn, of Detroit, left for Pinckney last Monday to visit relatives and friends.  
Some one says that liquor strengthens the voice. This is a mistake; it only makes the breath strong.  
For rent, three nice front rooms, suitable for offices, in the Durand & Hatch block. Enquire of W. F. Hatch.  
The Chrysanthemum Fair will open with a concert at the Town Hall, Friday evening, November 9th. Admission 10 cents.  
Wheat looks fresh and green on every hand. But the average farmer grows tired when he thinks of the price he will get for it.  
If two men have a conversation to day, they cannot agree to morrow on what they said. A man should give a receipt for his conversation.

For sale, a quantity of clover and timothy hay, also a quantity of corn stalks. Enquire of Ralph Arnold, on Johnson farm, six miles north of Chelsea.

W. F. Riemenschneider & Co., are offering \$2,000 worth of Factory Samples Shoes at prices never heard of before in Chelsea. See "ad" on first page.

Hubert B. Hamlet, who has been filling the position of night operator at this station for the past few weeks, returned to his home in Michigan City last Friday.

Last excursion of the season via Michigan Central to Detroit, on Friday, Nov. 9, 1894. Rate from Chelsea for round trip, \$1.20. Train leaves Chelsea at 7:57 a. m., returning leaves Detroit at 6:00 p. m.

It is now suggested that the people of the county plant nut-bearing trees for shade and ornamental purposes. Well, why shouldn't they. Why should they destroy those beautiful trees in the first place?

Married, Wednesday, Oct. 31, 1894, at the residence of Rev. Thomas Holmes, D. D. in Chelsea, and by him, Mr. Henry Hoffman and Miss Ressie Faulkner, both of Sylvan.

The game season opens for the several sorts of bird hunting on the first day of November. The lads are sharpening their rifles, drying their powder and even commencing to meditatively count the 3 cents ahead on sparrows.

The Jackson Star says candidates for office are earning something of what their salary will afford in campaigning this week. It is not the most giddy pleasure to drive twenty miles these dark nights through the mud to make speeches for the cause. There is no royal road to fortune in local politics.

The great amount of wheat that may be used for breeding is sufficient to materially reduce the quantity grown. We have, according to the census report, 18,500,000 horses and mules; 42,000,000 hogs, 38,000,000 cattle, and 16,500,000 milch cows, not including 43,000,000 sheep. The amount consumed in a year, even allowing for the use of corn also, would create a demand at home nearly equal to that which we export.

Herbert A. Sprague appears at the Opera House, Wednesday evening, Nov. 7, 1894, that being the date of the second number of the Young People's Entertainment Course. Mr. Sprague is the happy possessor of a versatile talent, finely modulated voice, and a remarkable good presence. As a character impersonator he has no superior, and may be trusted to please the most critical audience. The price of admission to this entertainment is exceedingly low, only 25 and 15 cents. Tickets now on sale at F. P. Glazier & Co's. store.

A newspaper extends the circle of trade for a town as it gets new subscribers within reach of the town wherein the paper is published. Every reader will go to that town once at least and make some purchase and if he finds it to his advantage will make the town his trading point. We are gratified to see so many of our subscribers who live at a distance coming to town and investigating the quality and price of the goods sold by our advertisers and feel assured that every one who comes will come to stay. We wish to again request the readers of the HERALD to trade with our advertisers and base our request on the fact that any merchant who knows enough to buy his goods right, knows too much to starve out his home paper. The business man knows that he is in town to run his own affairs, not those of his neighbors. Trade with our advertisers—it will pay you.

### The Mission.

The Mission given by the Redemptorist Fathers O'Shea and Nierman all last week at St. Mary's church was fittingly closed last Sunday night.  
The dedication of the children to the Blessed Virgin took place last Saturday evening, and was a most beautiful ceremony. The church was crowded, the altars were beautifully decorated, especially the Blessed Virgin; the children were dressed in their best, and the girls, dressed in white with wreaths and veils, occupied seats in the sanctuary. The boys held lighted candles. The beautiful scene will never be forgotten by those who witnessed it.  
On Sunday night another large audience filled the church, and the closing exercises of the Mission took place. The Mission Cross was blessed; the congregation was consecrated to the Sacred Heart of Jesus; the boys and girls occupying seats in the sanctuary, and all the men with lighted candles were in front of the altars. It was an impressive sight. The benediction of the Pope was imparted. The entire congregation joined in the singing of the *Te Deum* or "Holy God we praise thy name."  
It was the most successful Mission ever given in St. Mary's church, and great good has resulted from it. The Reverend Fathers are now in Pinckney continuing their good work.

### Resolutions.

Resolutions passed by the Junior Christian Endeavor upon the death of Addie Snyder:  
WHEREAS, God in his infinite Wisdom has called from among us, our Beloved Member and Secretary, Addie Snyder, therefore, it is  
**Resolved:** That we, the Junior Christian Endeavor, deeply mourn the death of our Beloved sister, who by her earnest and faithful devotion to the work of the Master, left behind her an example ever to be emulated by our Society.  
**Resolved:** That we tender to her bereaved parents, sisters and brothers, our most sincere sympathy.  
**Resolved:** That these resolutions be spread upon the records of this Society, that a copy of the same be presented to the family of the deceased and to the Press.  
MYRTA E. IRWIN.  
M. EMMA WINES.  
MARIE H. BACON.

### Transit of Mercury.

Mercury will pass across the sun's face on the morning of Nov. 10. This beautiful phenomenon should be watched for, as it will not be seen again this century. It will commence here about 11 o'clock in the morning and last till about 4 p. m. It can be seen best through a telescope, but an opera glass with a piece of smoked glass held before it will afford a fine view. Mercury will appear as a little black dot moving slowly across the face of the sun.

### Lifting the Hat.

A gentleman lifts his hat when recognizing a friend, or in passing ladies who are in company with his friend, though he does not possess their acquaintance. A boy should be trained to take off his hat to his mother, his sister, or to the little girls he knows. To lift the hat with the grace of good breeding is a much to be desired accomplishment. Southern men remove the hat with fine gallantry and stand bareheaded when talking with ladies on the public promenade. The action is so dignified and charming that one sometimes wishes it were imitated by men of equal politeness in other portions of our country.—Harper's Bazar.

### Guaranteed Cure.

We authorize our advertised druggist to sell Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, Coughs and Colds, upon this condition. If you are afflicted with a Cough, Cold or any Lung, Throat or Chest trouble, and will use this remedy as directed, giving it a fair trial, and experience no benefit, you may return the bottle and have your money refunded. We could not make this offer did we not know that Dr. King's New Discovery could be relied on. It never disappoints. Trial bottles free at F. P. Glazier & Co's. Drug Store. Large size 50c and \$1.00.

If doctors' carriages in the country had distinguishing lights, so that people could tell one as it passed in the night, it would be a good thing. People in the more scattered suburbs would appreciate such an arrangement also. An incident in point: A country doctor returning home from a professional visit to a house twelve miles away found a call to a house half a mile beyond the one he had just visited. The gentleman who had come for him had passed him on the road in the darkness, but for lack of distinguishing lights had not been able to speak to him in passing.

# Buckwheat Cakes

Are Now in Order.

Get a small sack of our New Buckwheat and a little of our nice light syrup and you will have something for breakfast that will touch the spot.

## Beck's Breakfast Flakes.

These flakes were first exhibited by us at our Chelsea fair and since then we have been furnishing Free samples and the result is, we have an immense trade on them. If you have not tried them step in and get a sample package Free. They are just what you want for breakfast. Made from best selected and thoroughly cleaned hard white wheat.

## Fairbank's Golden Cottoleen.

Made to take the place of lard, and it does it too.

## Syrups and Molasses.

We show you samples of our syrups and Molasses before you buy them and in every case guarantee Satisfaction.

## Teas and Coffees.

Remember we carry the largest line of these goods shown in Chelsea Quality always the Finest and prices that are Rock Bottom.

# Beissel & Staffan.

Fresh Oysters. Florida Oranges.

## THE MILD POWER CURES. HUMPHREYS'

Dr. Humphrey's Specifics are scientifically and carefully prepared. Remedies used for years in private practice and for over thirty years by the people with entire success. Every single Specific a special cure for the disease named. They cure without drugging, purging or reducing the system, and are in fact and truly the Sovereign Remedies of the World.

LIST OF NUMBERS.	CURES.	PRICES.
1	Fever, Congestions, Inflammations.	.25
2	Worms, Worm Fever, Worm Colic.	.25
3	Teething Colic, Crying, Wakefulness.	.25
4	Diarrhea, of Children or Adults.	.25
5	Dysentery, Griping, Bilious Colic.	.25
6	Cholera Morbus, Vomiting.	.25
7	Coughs, Colds, Bronchitis.	.25
8	Neuralgia, Toothache, Facetache.	.25
9	Headaches, Sick Headache, Vertigo.	.25
10	Dyspepsia, Biliousness, Constipation.	.25
11	Suppressed or Painful Periods.	.25
12	Whites, Too Profuse Periods.	.25
13	Croup, Laryngitis, Hoarseness.	.25
14	Salt Rheum, Erysipelas, Eruptions.	.25
15	Rheumatism, of Rheumatic Pains.	.25
16	Malaria, Chills, Fever and Ague.	.25
17	Piles, Blind or Bleeding.	.25
18	Ophthalmia, Sore or Weak Eyes.	.25
19	Catarrh, Influenza, Cold in the Head.	.25
20	Whooping Cough.	.25
21	Asthma, Oppressed Breathing.	.25
22	Ear Discharges, Impaired Hearing.	.25
23	Scrofula, Enlarged Glands, Swelling.	.25
24	General Debility, Physical Weakness.	.25
25	Dropsy, and Scanty Secretions.	.25
26	Sea-Sickness, Sickness from Riding.	.25
27	Kidney Disease.	.25
28	Nervous Debility.	1.00
29	Sore Mouth, or Canker.	.25
30	Urinary Weakness, Wetting Bed.	.25
31	Painful Periods.	.25
32	Discharge of the Heart, Palpitation.	1.00
33	Epilepsy, Spasms, St. Vitus' Dance.	1.00
34	Diphtheria, Ulcerated Sore Throat.	.25
35	Chronic Congestions & Eruptions.	.25
77	DR. HUMPHREYS' NEW SPECIFIC FOR GRIP, 25c.	

Put up in small bottles of pleasant taste, just fit your pocket. Sold by Druggists, or sent post-paid on receipt of price. DR. HUMPHREYS' MANUAL (144 pages), MAILED FREE. HUMPHREYS' MED. CO., 111 & 113 William St., New York.

## SPECIFICS.

## HUMPHREYS' WITCH HAZEL OIL "THE PILE OINTMENT."

For Piles—External or Internal, Blind or Bleeding; Fistula in Ano; Itching or Bleeding of the Rectum. The relief is immediate—the cure certain. PRICE, 50 CTS. TRIAL SIZE, 25 CTS.

Sold by Druggists, or sent post-paid on receipt of price. HUMPHREYS' MED. CO., 111 & 113 William St., New York.

## PATENTS

CAVEATS, TRADE MARKS & COPYRIGHTS. CAN I OBTAIN A PATENT? For a prompt answer and an honest opinion, write to MUNN & CO., who have had nearly fifty years' experience in the patent business. Communications strictly confidential. A Handbook of Information concerning Patents and how to obtain them sent free. Also a catalogue of mechanical and scientific books sent free. Patents taken through Munn & Co. receive special notice in the Scientific American, and thus are brought widely before the public without cost to the inventor. This splendid paper issued weekly, elegantly illustrated, has by far the largest circulation of any scientific work in the world. \$3 a year. Specimen copies sent free. Building Edition, monthly, \$2.50 a year. Single copies, 25 cents. Every number contains beautiful plates, in colors, and photographs of new homes, with plans, enabling builders to show the latest designs and secure contracts. Address MUNN & CO., NEW YORK, 361 BROADWAY.

# THE CHELSEA HERALD.

A. ALLISON, Editor and Proprietor.

CHELSEA, MICHIGAN.

In August, 1894, there were 3,735 steamers flying the British flag, 810 the German, 510 the Norwegian, 503 the French, 462 the Swedish, 430 the American, 359 the Spanish, 213 the Italian, and 1,382 the flags of other nations.

SOLITARY confinement is calculated, doctors state, to produce melancholia, suicidal mania and loss of reason. Nine months of absolutely solitary confinement is almost certain to result in mental ruin of the convict.

A SHORT time ago a physician recommended that cologne water be inhaled through the nose and mouth for curing short colds in the head and chest. Fifty drops on a handkerchief inhaled four or five times a day is said to have a good effect.

THE Carrara marble quarries are practically inexhaustible. The entire mass of Monte Sagro, 5,600 feet high, which dominates Carrara, is solid marble. About 160,000 tons of marble are annually exported, most of which comes to America.

THE West End Street railway of Boston has put in service two special trolley cars for the use of parties wishing private accommodation. They are furnished with easy chairs, and will traverse any city trolley line at any hour of the day or night.

EVERY Japanese barrack has a gymnasium, and the Japanese soldiers rank among the best gymnasts in the world. In half a minute they can scale a 14-foot wall by simply bounding upon each other's shoulders, one man supporting two or three others.

THERE are about thirty thousand Mormons in Idaho—more than one-fourth the entire population of the state. Most of them have settled in the southeastern counties, adjoining Utah and Wyoming. They are the most prosperous citizens of the state.

JAMES ANTHONY FROUDE was born in 1818 and outlived his generation, which included Tennyson, Carlyle, Newman, Dickens, Arnold, Kingsley, Maurice, Ruskin and Gladstone are the only great men living who shared in the intellectual triumphs of the middle of the century.

NEXT month the one hundredth anniversary of the death of Edward Gibbon, the historian, will be commemorated by the Royal Historical Society of Great Britain. There will also be a special exhibition at the British museum of the portraits, manuscripts and relics of Gibbon.

FOREIGN commercial travelers in Russia, besides paying a tax, must henceforth be provided with properly attested papers of identification; their passports must state the limit of time of their permission to travel in the empire, and must distinctly tell the religious profession of the traveler.

THE scientists of a European expedition now in Ecuador have been making analyses of ashes which fell 150 miles away from Cotopaxi at the time of its last eruption. They have found them to consist mainly of feldspar, quartz, magnetite and specular iron ore. One sample yielded silver at the rate of 200 grains to the ton.

A WRITER in Harper's Weekly says that the upper great lakes were once drained by way of the Illinois river, and that the bed of the Illinois is now but thirty feet higher than the Niagara river. To cut the Illinois 50 feet deeper would, therefore, turn the flow of the lakes into the Mississippi and leave Niagara dry.

HERMAN GOTTSCHALK, of New York, owns the oldest and most valuable coin in the world. It is one of two "holy shekels" now in existence, the other belonging to the British museum. They are relics of Solomon's time. So much more perfect is Mr. Gottschalk's coin that the British museum once offered to exchange and add \$1,000 in cash, but Mr. Gottschalk refused the offer.

THERE is no more popular woman in Germany than the empress, and the chief reason, according to common belief, is that she is a model "haus-frau"—a good housekeeper, as they say in New England. She is fonder of domestic life than any other royal woman in Europe, except perhaps the queen of Denmark, and her imperial station is less attractive to her than her place at the head of the kaiser's household.

TANK steamers have for some time been used for carrying petroleum and molasses, but it has remained for a Louisiana man to bring the tank into use for molasses on shore. He intends to handle the sweet, sticky stuff in much the same way that crude oil is treated, storing it in big tanks in his yards until it is needed for shipment, when it may be pumped into barrels by a high pressure pump. The molasses is to be gathered from the various sugar plantations and transported in tank cars.

## CAPRIVI'S FALL.

### Resignation of the German Chancellor Accepted.

Possibilities of the Succession—Why Caprivi Quit—He Was Crushed Between the Emperor and the Federal Envoy.

BERLIN, Oct. 29.—The report that Chancellor von Caprivi has handed his resignation to the emperor is confirmed. Count Zu Eulenburg, president of the ministerial council, has also resigned. Dr. Miquel, Prussian finance minister, has been appointed president of the council.

#### The Succession.

Prince von Hohenlohe-Schillingfurst, governor of Alsace-Lorraine, has been offered the chancellorship. Before offering the chancellorship to Prince Hohenlohe, Emperor William consulted with the envoy from Bavaria, Wurtemberg, Saxony and Baden. It is reported that Prince Hohenlohe declined the office owing to his age. The emperor has summoned Gen. Count Waldersee, the political soldier who was conspicuous in the final intrigues against Bismarck. The general inference is that in-



CAPRIVI

agrarian and Bismarckian reactionist groups against Count von Caprivi. The socialists will rejoice because the dread of them, although they did not raise a finger, has been sufficient to plunge the empire into a crisis.

#### The Emperor Makes a Choice.

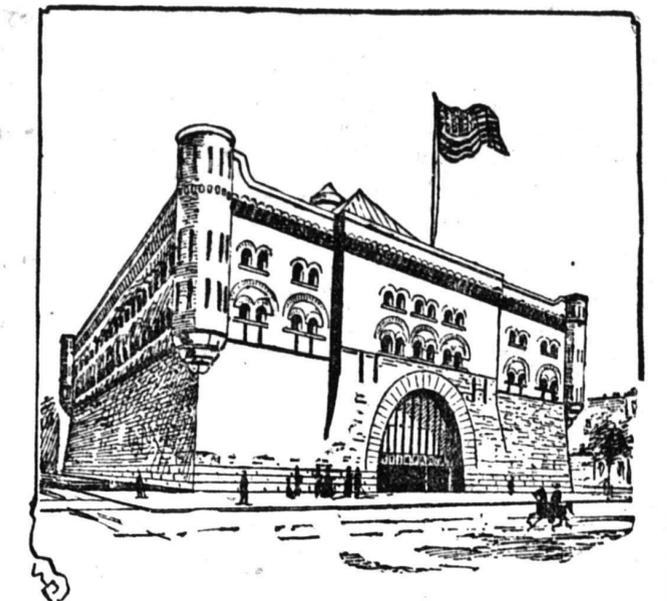
The Daily News' correspondent in Berlin says of Caprivi's fall: "After the conference with the federal ministers the chancellor had an audience with the emperor, who is understood to have approved of his ministers' proposals in everything. It was settled that he should remain. The only difficulty was in bringing about tolerable relations between Caprivi and Eulenburg, whose antagonism was an open secret. The matter had assumed the character of a personal quarrel, which in the interest of the authority of the government had to be settled. This seems to have been the cause of Caprivi's fall. The emperor had the alternative—Caprivi or Eulenburg—and he decided in favor of the latter."

"It is not known whether the chancellor previously informed his majesty of his intention to convoke the federal ministers; if not, the reason of his fall is clear. It was an imperial reprimand. Bismarck's conference with Windthorst without the imperial knowledge really caused Bismarck's fall, and the present situation is somewhat similar to the one in the spring of 1890. Bismarck will enjoy a happy day. By his hand his successor has at last been overthrown, and under similar circumstances. Caprivi's fall is a purely domestic affair, and in no way affects Germany's foreign policy."

### ROUTED THE CHINESE.

Details of the Japanese Victory at the Yalu River.

YOKOHAMA, Oct. 29.—Later dispatches from the Yalu river show that in the battle fought Thursday between the Chinese and Japanese 3,500 Chinese troops of all arms were utterly routed.



### ARMORY OF FIRST REGIMENT OF INFANTRY, I. N. G., CHICAGO.

First built in 1889-90 at a cost of \$225,000, with an additional \$100,000 spent in furnishings. Destroyed by fire April 24, 1893, and rebuilt and just completed on practically the same plans. The building is 175x164 feet, inside measurement, and 90 feet high. It is built of brown granite and red pressed brick, the massive granite wall, ten feet thick, extending upward without a break, excepting the large doorway on Michigan avenue, to a height of forty-five feet. The main drill floor covers the entire building space, all of the rooms being on four balconies suspended from the roof. The basement contains twelve rifle ranges, twelve bathrooms, eight bowling alleys, an arsenal, and heating and lighting plant. The building is lighted in the daytime by an immense skylight, and at night by inflammable gas and electric lights. It was formally opened on Tuesday, October 9, by a grand military ball, at which distinguished civil and military guests from all parts of the country were present.

tends to make him Caprivi's successor. Should Waldersee become chancellor the office of Prussian premier probably would be given him shortly, and thus the division of the two posts which was effected at the time of the school bill crisis would be ended. There is a rumor that Gen. Bronsart von Schellendorf is a candidate for the Prussian premiership and the chancellorship. Either of these generals would be acceptable to the conservatives, who have become totally estranged from the government under the Caprivi regime.

#### Why He Resigned.

The immediate cause of Chancellor von Caprivi's resignation is not entirely clear. It is known, however, that the differences between him and Count Botho Zu Eulenburg had grown too sharp to be ignored or compromised. Caprivi at first was strongly opposed to severe steps against the social democrats and anarchists, while Eulenburg favored extreme measures. Under pressure from the emperor the chancellor is said to have yielded several points early in the week, but his master only got him into trouble with the federal ministers, in whose council he presided Thursday. Several ministers opposed his proposal that the reichstag amend the penal code so as to deal more severely with the socialists. The individual states, they said, should be left to legislate within their own borders for the suppression of the social democracy and anarchy. The chancellor was equally embarrassed when the question of financial reforms was broached. The envoys made several demands for changes in the financial relations of the states to the empire, but the chancellor was manifestly out of sympathy with all of them.

Caprivi is believed to have been crushed between the emperor and the federal envoys, not going far enough to suit the former and going too far to suit the latter. The difficulties of his position were increased, moreover, by the intrigues of Miquel and Eulenburg, who for more than a year have spared no effort to discredit his policies and diminish his influence with the crown.

#### Socialists Will Rejoice.

LONDON, Oct. 29.—The Morning Post's Berlin correspondent says: "Everybody with a sense of fair play denounces the despicable intrigues of the

CHEMULPO, Oct. 29.—Dispatches from Wu-Ju give additional details of the battle fought between the Chinese and Japanese across the Yalu river. Gen. Nodzu, the Japanese chief of staff, it appears, succeeded in getting the main body of the Japanese army across the Yalu river without mishap before daylight on Thursday. Then Col. Sato was sent forward at the head of a flying column on a reconnoitering expedition. He discovered the enemy occupying a fortified position near the village Fushang on the right bank of the Yalu. In spite of the fact that he had no artillery at his disposal, Col. Sato immediately commenced an attack upon the Chinese and a fierce fight followed. The Chinese fought desperately and stubbornly. The attack began at 10 o'clock in the morning and lasted until noon, when the Chinese began wavering, broke, and eventually retired in great disorder, falling back upon Kuliencnas.

The troops commanded by Col. Sato, after the Chinese had retired, set to work upon the demolition of the fortifications of Fushang. Inside the fortifications they found 200 Chinese dead. The Japanese also captured a number of prisoners, among whom was a Chinese officer who stated that the position was held by eighteen battalions of Chinese troops. The Japanese, escorting their prisoners, then marched in the direction of Gen. Nodzu's main body with the intention of rejoining it. The number of Chinese wounded is not known. The Japanese lost five officers and ninety men killed and wounded.

Later dispatches said that the Chinese outposts were falling back upon Kuliencnas, where it is expected that the only really determined stand of the Chinese in Manchuria will be made.

#### Fastest Trip Across the Atlantic.

NEW YORK, Oct. 27.—The Cunarder Lucania has again beaten herself, making the fastest trip across the Atlantic ever known, and lowered her own champion record by twenty-five minutes. The run was made in five days, seven hours and twenty-three minutes. The best previous record of the Lucania or of any other vessel coming west was five days, seven hours, forty-eight minutes. Her highest day's run was 549 knots. The average per hour, 21.81 knots.

## VICTIMS OF FIRE.

### They Perish in a Death-Trap at Seattle, Wash.

Fire Breaks Out in a Hotel While the Guests Are Asleep—Sixteen of Them Lose Their Lives in an Effort to Escape.

SEATTLE, Wash., Oct. 29.—A fire, which resulted in the death of at least sixteen persons and the injury of three others, broke out in the West street hotel, at Columbia and West streets, about 1 o'clock Saturday morning. At 8 o'clock the fire was under control and an investigation of the ruins was made. Thirteen bodies have been identified. They are as follows:

John F. Anderson, aged 28; F. Ballman, C. Graham, laborer; Mrs. J. H. Hancock, of Rolfe, Ia., and her three children, two girls, aged 6 and 2 years, and a boy aged 4; Mrs. J. W. Huff, man, wife of a well-known farmer of Fall City, Wash.; Angus McDonald, M. McSorley, Andrew Oterman, aged 18; Mrs. Oterman, of California, his mother; C. Wilson.

A. G. Butler, brother of the proprietor, is missing. Richard Havin was badly injured about the head and back by jumping; D. B. Glass had a leg broken and his back injured, and C. B. Anderson was burned and badly bruised.

The fire was undoubtedly caused by the explosion of a lamp in the kitchen. The proprietor's son was aroused by the noise of the explosion about 1 o'clock, but before he could investigate the flames had spread all through the house. The corrugated iron sheeting kept the flames hid until nearly the whole interior was a furnace. The thin partitions were of resinous pine covered with cheesecloth and burned furiously. The sixty guests were aroused and the rush for life followed.

At 3 a. m. the fire was under control and the firemen were able to enter the shell of iron. At the head of the stairs they found the body of a man pinned to the floor by the ruins of a bed. The body was terribly burned. One poor fellow was caught in the rush of the conflagration near the top of the West street stairway and sank down overcome with the smoke and flames. The firemen fought to keep the fire away from his body but were driven back.

In one of the hallways a body, charred, blackened and without a vestige of clothing, was found. A little farther on in the same passageway was another body, evidently that of a woman, face upwards and hands stretched as if fighting for her life and appealing for assistance which never came. There was little left of the woman's form, for part of the body was charred and the burned bones lay around it.

The saddest sight of all was found in the inside room off the passageway which led to West street. There calmly lying in a charred and blackened bed was evidently an entire family. The father lay on one side, the wife next to him and a little burned and blackened arm, the flesh falling in shreds from it, the small fingers clutched, showed that a child was among the victims.

In a corner of a small inside room two charred and naked skeletons met the gaze of the lookers. The clothing was burned from each, and the first, that of a man with blackened stumps of arms, seemed to be fighting an impending danger. Immediately beyond him, also bolt upright and clutching her waist, was the skeleton of a woman. Startled, they had risen from their couch, the smoke and flames had rushed in upon them, and before they had realized their awful danger they were overcome and met the most horrible of deaths.

The arrangement of the halls of the hotel made such a labyrinth in the daytime one unfamiliar with the place would have had difficulty in finding his way about without several attempts, and as the halls were filled with smoke there was little chance for any of the victims to make their way out before suffocating. Some of the lodgers were asleep and were overtaken in bed, while others rushed into the halls and were suffocated and burned.

### A DUEL TO THE DEATH.

Old Friends Fight at Dayton, O., and One Is Killed.

DAYTON, O., Oct. 29.—Sunday afternoon Henry Meyer, imbued with the belief that his old friend and neighbor, John Grimme, had been criminally intimate with his wife, procured a revolver and started in search of Grimme. The latter was warned of Meyer's evident intention of shooting him and armed himself. Late in the evening he saw his enemy with his wife approaching, and suddenly appearing before him endeavored to shoot him. Mrs. Meyer sprang between the two men and received Grimme's bullet in her right arm. Meyer then drew his pistol and a fight began, with Mrs. Meyer between them. She caught hold of Grimme's pistol and Meyer fired two shots into Grimme's breast, near the heart. He died instantly. Seven shots were fired. Meyer claims he shot in self defense.

### FIVE PERSONS KILLED.

A Big Four Engine Crashes Into a Loaded Wagon at Lebanon, Ind.

LEBANON, Ind., Oct. 29.—A wagon containing a party returning from a dance was struck by a Big Four train and five of the merry-makers were killed. The dead are Gertrude Davis, Grace Davis, Tenna Gurge, Carl Gowan, May McDaniel.

## WHERE BISMARCK SAT.

### Prince Hohenlohe Is Appointed Chancellor of the German Empire.

BERLIN, Oct. 29.—Prince Hohenlohe von Schillingfurst, who was called by Emperor William to succeed Caprivi as chancellor, at first declined, but at 9 o'clock Saturday evening it was announced that he had accepted the position. He will fill also the office of Prussian premier, made vacant by Eulenburg's retirement.

The emperor's choice of Hohenlohe for chancellor is taken as evidence that his majesty does not intend to adopt the extreme view of the measures required to arrest the spread of socialism. Hohenlohe, although 73 years old, is very active physically and mentally.

Ex-Chancellor Caprivi in an interview says the leading question upon which he found it impossible to reconcile his own views with those of the emperor and Count Botho Zu Eulenburg was the anti-revolutionary measure. The second bone of contention between the same parties, he added, was the proposed treatment of the Polish question.

BERLIN, Oct. 29.—The article which annoyed the emperor more than all others in the Caprivi-Eulenburg press feud was published by the Koelnische Zeitung to remove the impression produced by the emperor's reception of the East Prussian agrarians. This article said: "Chancellor von Caprivi won a complete victory over Count Botho Zu Eulenburg, and as the emperor stood behind Caprivi nothing is left for Eulenburg but *soumettre ou demettre*." Eulenburg, who had already decided to resign, regarded this as an offensive notice to quit, and showed it the emperor.

The emperor sent Herr von Lucanus, chief of the civil cabinet, to ask Count von Caprivi whether he had inspired the article in the Gazette. Count von Caprivi replied in the negative, but expressed his sympathy with that paper's views. The emperor then summoned Count von Caprivi and demanded a public disavowal of the article. Count von Caprivi repeated that he had not inspired the article and would not publish a disclaimer, because he agreed with its views. He now had no alternative but to resign, which he did. It is now known as a fact that the emperor tried to reconcile the personal differences between the two men, but failed.

In summoning the federal envoys to another conference the emperor said that Caprivi's policy would be continued. This statement is taken with a grain of salt, as the emperor made a similar statement immediately after Bismarck's fall.

The envoys expressed their satisfaction with the choice of Prince Hohenlohe. The South Germans were especially complimentary to the new chancellor who, they said, enjoyed the full confidence of their governments. (Clodwig Carl Victor Hohenlohe, Prince von Schillingfurst, who has been chosen to bear the burdens of state that have strained the shoulders of Bismarck and Caprivi, is 73 years old. He is a native of Bavaria. He entered the Prussian diplomatic service but resigned to enter the diplomatic service of Bavaria on becoming possessor of the family estates of Schillingfurst in 1867 he became Bavarian prime minister, and also undertook to fill the office of minister for foreign affairs. He at once, in the latter capacity, became the opponent of Prince Bismarck's plans for German unity, and was even thought to be organizing a southern rival to the North German Bund. His election in 1892 to the post of vice president of the customs parliament of the German confederacy was supposed to be a direct slight to Bismarck. Although a Roman Catholic Prince Hohenlohe was no ultramontane, and on account of his opposition to the decrees of the ecclesiastical council of the Vatican, the influence of the priests was brought to bear against him in the Bavarian elections of 1870 and he was forced to resign. By this time Prince Hohenlohe had become a convert to the creation of a new empire and the incorporation in it of Bavaria, and the members of the first German parliament marked their appreciation of his services by electing him their vice president. After the recall of Count Arnim in 1874 Prince Hohenlohe was chosen to succeed him as German ambassador to Paris, an appointment which he resigned in September, 1883. His investigations were the cause of the three German plenipotentiaries at the congress of Berlin. In 1885, having entered the Prussian service, he was appointed stadtholder of Alsace-Lorraine, which position he has held up to his present elevation.]

### FOREST FIRES IN THE SOUTH.

Tennessee and Mississippi Suffer from Serious Blazes.

TRIMBLE, Tenn., Oct. 29.—Forest fires are spreading ruin in this section. The long drought has made the timber and grass as dry as tinder and the flames spread with lightning-like rapidity. The valuable range in the Obion river bottoms has been swept bare, causing a loss of thousands of dollars.

CORINTH, Miss., Oct. 29.—Forest fires are raging in the vicinity of Corinth and dense smoke overhangs the town. Several cotton fields have been destroyed in the outlying districts, valuable timber ruined, and the country laid waste. Hundreds of farmers are fighting the flames.

### THE GUN EXPLODED.

A Distressing Accident to a Newton (Mass.) Family.

NEWTON, Oct. 29.—Philip Raymond was attempting to shoot a muskrat at West Newton Sunday afternoon when the gun exploded, mortally wounding his wife, probably fatally injuring his son Raphael, aged 9, and seriously injuring himself. Two younger children were in the room, but they escaped injury. The weapon was a cheap and poorly made double-barrelled shotgun, heavily charged. Mrs. Raymond is dead.

**BUSINESS INDICATIONS.**

**They Are More Favorable Than They Were a Week Ago.**

**NEW YORK, Oct. 29.**—R. G. Dun & Co.'s weekly review of trade says: "Engrossing political excitement in many of the states causes a natural slackening in some kinds of business. But on the whole business indications are rather more favorable than they were a week ago. Gold exports have ceased, quite a number of mills have gone into operation, and the demand for products, if not equal to that of prosperous years, is not far from it. The prices of farm products do not improve much, and there are still some strikes to resist reduction of wages, so that the purchasing power of the people cannot be materially increased, but there is a more hopeful spirit which prompts greater activity. On the other hand, the record of past transactions is somewhat less favorable than of late. Payments through the principal clearing houses throughout the country show a decrease of 1.2 per cent. compared with last year, and a decrease of 21.9 per cent. compared with the same week in 1892, the decrease for four weeks being 29.8 per cent. Cotton has sold at 5.81 cents for middling uplands, and the large receipts at such low prices indicate clearly that the crop will at least be close to the largest, if not the largest ever produced. The anticipated settlement of difficulties at Fall River has not been realized, and at present a good many spindles and looms are idle. It is interesting that, in spite of the low price of the principal southern crop, manufacturers and wholesale dealers report rather more improvement in trade with the south than with any other section. The wheat market is a quarter lower, and nothing appears to justify any important change. Corn is higher, without any very clear reason, and it is noteworthy that at the same time pork is 75c lower—lard, 85c per 100 pounds, and hogs 40c lower. The contrast indicates how little the provision market depends at present on natural relations of supply and demand. Industrial accounts are on the whole encouraging. The boot and shoe industry leads in improvement, actual shipments from the east being larger than in any previous year. The demand for wool is not as large as it has been. Prices were put down before the new tariff took effect, so that results of foreign competition are felt mainly in reduced sales of some domestic wools. Almost nothing is doing in spring wools for men's wear, but manufacturers are more encouraged to believe that, as to a large share of the cheaper goods, they can meet any prices that foreign mills may make. It is still, as it has been for some months, an encouraging fact that the volume of commercial failures is small. Reports for the three weeks of October cover liabilities of only \$5,639,741, of which \$2,629,671 were of manufacturing and \$2,957,567 of trading concerns. The failures for the week were 231 in the United States, against 352 last year and 52 in Canada, against 44 last year."

**Bradstreet's says:** "Merchants interviewed in various portions of the country report in some instances the condition of business as not having realized anticipations and at other points that the recent bright outlook for trade is modified. Such advices are based in part on the practical conclusion of the fall trade and delays in demand for holiday goods. General trade continues checked throughout some portions of the regions supplied by Kansas City, St. Louis, Omaha, Minneapolis and St. Paul, due to unreasonably warm weather."

**OUT OF A JOB.**

**United States Marshal Bede's Resignation Is Accepted.**

**WASHINGTON, Oct. 26.**—The publication in St. Paul of J. Adam Bede's letter of resignation as United States marshal is regarded at the department of justice as a sufficient reason for the publication of the attorney general's letter of acceptance. In the course of his letter Marshal Bede, after unconditionally tendering his resignation because he cannot conscientiously obey the president's order forbidding federal appointees doing campaign work, says: "I do this because the party to which I have ever given my allegiance and in the principles of which I have an abiding faith, is this year being maligned by know-nothings and mountebanks and charged with evils that come from others' crimes. When I must choose between public office and my friends I shall take my friends, and nothing shall stand between my best efforts and their interests." The attorney general's letter accepting Marshal Bede's resignation is as follows: "I have yours of the 16th inst., in which you tender your resignation of the office of United States marshal on the ground that you cannot consistently or conscientiously govern yourself by an order of President Cleveland of 1895, which forbids federal office-holders from engaging in political campaign work. I have just been obliged to call for the resignation of a United States marshal, who, beginning a political campaign with speech-making, ended by shooting, and is now under indictment for murder. From the tone and temper of your letter, it would not be surprising to find you in the like predicament should you undertake to be a political worker, and a United States marshal at the same time. Undue excitement and recklessness are always most inevitable when the ordinary political partisanship is added to the personal interest inseparable from office-holding. Your resignation as marshal is accepted, to take effect upon the appointment and qualification of your successor."

**DEATH OF DR. HELMBOLD.**  
**Patent-Medicine Millionaire Dies in a New Jersey Insane Asylum.**  
**TRENTON, N. J., Oct. 27.**—Dr. H. T. Helmbold, of extract of buchu fame, died Wednesday in the state asylum for the insane in this city. He was 57 years of age and had been an inmate of the institution about three years. He was sent to the Pennsylvania asylum at Norristown and spent several years there, when his wife secured his release. He then resumed his patent medicine business and became a millionaire. For many years he conducted a drug store in the Continental hotel building in Philadelphia, and later in the Herald building, at Broadway and Ann street, New York. Several years ago he took up his residence in Long Branch, where he, at different times, entertained Gen. Grant and other dignitaries.

**Will Resume Operations.**  
**WILKESBARRE, Pa., Oct. 29.**—The Delaware & Hudson Coal company have given notice that on and after Monday next all their collieries will resume work on full time. They employ over 10,000 miners, laborers and outside hands.

**MONUMENT TO M'CLELLAN.**

**Unveiling Ceremonies at Philadelphia, Pa.—Oration by Gen. Franklin.**

**PHILADELPHIA, Oct. 26.**—The ceremonies at the unveiling of the McClellan statue were opened by prayer by Rev. Dr. McCook. Gen. Smith then made an address, referring to the dead general as the creator of the army of the Potomac. A poem written for the occasion by Dr. S. W. Mitchell was read. As the flags fell from the



STATUE OF M'CLELLAN.

statue a salute of seventeen guns was fired by battery A of the national guard of Pennsylvania and the First regiment band played "Hail to the Chief." The programme was then resumed with orations by Gen. William B. Franklin, of Hartford, Conn., Gov. Pattison and others. The statue is 23 feet 9 inches from the ground to the top of the hat. The casting, after a model by Sculptor S. J. Elliott, of Washington, D. C., shows the general in full field uniform.

**WHITE CAPS AND BLUEBILLS.**

**They Fight a Pitched Battle in Tennessee—Three Are Killed.**

**KNOXVILLE, Tenn., Oct. 29.**—For two years there has existed in Sevier county a large organization of white caps. They have committed outrages on defenseless citizens especially women. Some weeks ago another gang was organized in opposition which is known as bluebills. It is said to be composed of a better element of citizens and was organized for the purpose of wiping out white caps.

Thursday night a body of white caps numbering twenty-five or thirty started out to whip a man who lives 5 miles from Sevierville. It happened that this man was a bluebill and he hastily summoned his gang together. About twenty of them went to a bluff on Pigeon river and secreted themselves in a dense thicket of laurel. Shortly before midnight they heard the approach of white caps who were passing up the road in the jolliest humor discussing plans for their midnight work. As they approached the thicket bluebills opened fire with Winchesters and a pitched battle raged for several minutes. Two white caps, Laban Latham and John Kibble, were killed and several others wounded. The bluebills lost one man, Eithnan Allen, a prominent farmer. Two or three others of their clique were badly wounded.

**NEW MEXICO.**

**Gov. Thornton Presents His Report on the Territory.**

**WASHINGTON, Oct. 29.**—The annual report of Gov. Thornton, of New Mexico, has been submitted to the secretary of the interior. The governor says there has been no material change in population, but a healthy growth has set in of a desirable class of immigration in almost every county of the territory, especially in the agricultural portion. At the end of the last fiscal year there was a cash balance of \$139,899 in the treasury of the territory. "The traffic in whiskey," the governor says, "which has been the cause of so much poverty among the Navajos and has led to so much crime in the past, has, during the past year, largely decreased." The total school enrollment was 45,389. The governor says that the process of raising crops by the aid of irrigation ditches has been very beneficial in New Mexico, as without ditches or wells agriculture would be a failure in the territory.

**GRAND LODGE WINS.**

**A Decision of Importance to Knights of Pythias Lodges.**

**INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., Oct. 29.**—Judge Brown, of the Marion county court, has decided a case of wide interest to Knights of Pythias. When Koerner lodge seceded soon after the biennial session at Washington on the German ritual question it claimed all its property. The grand lodge brought suit to recover. The court holds for the grand lodge, deciding that the property under such circumstances falls to the grand lodge in trust for one year and then in absolute ownership, if the year elapses without the reorganization of the lodge.

**He Will Be Shot.**

**TUSKAHOMA, I. T., Oct. 29.**—Both houses of the Choctaw council adjourned at noon Friday. The house passed the bill giving to the governor power to pardon Silon Lewis, sentenced to be shot November 5, and it was vetoed. There are no other steps to be taken and he will be shot according to the sentence.

**A Disastrous Failure.**

Not a financial one, but a failure of physical energy, of vital stamina. How can this be repaired? By a persistent course of the blood fertilizer and invigorant, Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, which insures perfect digestion and assimilation, and a consequent gain in strength and flesh. It also remedies liver and malarial disorder, rheumatism, nervousness and constipation.

**Lucy (single).—"Do you think it is wicked to smoke, dear?" Fanny (married).—"No, dear, I'm sure it isn't." Lucy.—"Why are you so sure?" Fanny.—"Because my husband doesn't smoke, and if it was wicked I'm sure he would do it."—Half-Holiday.**

**Widow.—"Well, Mr. Brief, have you read the will?" Brief.—"Yes, but I can't make anything out of it." Heira.—"Let us have it patented. A will that a lawyer can't make anything out of is a blessing."—Milwaukee Sentinel.**

**McVicker's Theater, Chicago.**  
For two weeks, beginning Oct. 28, "Rush City," the new musical farce by Gus Heege. Seats secured by mail.

**"My wife is a wonderful woman," said Jarley. "Give her time and a shoe-button, and, by Jove, she'll make a bonnet out of it."—Harper's Bazar.**

**He.—"You saw some old ruins while in England, I presume?" She.—"Yes, indeed! And one of them wanted to marry me."—Brooklyn Life.**

**In a way the oyster is the Caesar of the molluscan world. It's the friends who love him who give him the knife.—N. Y. Mercury.**

**CHECK Colds and Bronchitis with Hale's Honey of Horehound and Tar.**  
Pike's Toothache Drops Cure in one minute.

**HEALTH, comfort and happiness abound in homes where "Garland" Stoves and Ranges are used.**

**"Have you ever been to Europe?" "No; I have no relatives there."—Puck.**

**Hall's Catarrh Cure**  
Is taken internally. Price 75c.

**A FUNNY way to make money—write jokes.—Texas Siftings.**



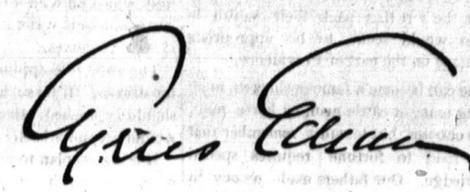
**KNOWLEDGE**

Brings comfort and improvement and tends to personal enjoyment when rightly used. The many, who live better than others and enjoy life more, with less expenditure, by more promptly adapting the world's best products to the needs of physical being, will attest the value to health of the pure liquid laxative principles embraced in the remedy, Syrup of Figs.

Its excellence is due to its presenting in the form most acceptable and pleasant to the taste, the refreshing and truly beneficial properties of a perfect laxative; effectually cleansing the system, dispelling colds, headaches and fevers and permanently curing constipation. It has given satisfaction to millions and met with the approval of the medical profession, because it acts on the Kidneys, Liver and Bowels without weakening them and it is perfectly free from every objectionable substance.

Syrup of Figs is for sale by all druggists in 50c and \$1 bottles, but it is manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Co. only, whose name is printed on every package, also the name, Syrup of Figs, and being well informed, you will not accept any substitute if offered.

The best baking powder made is, as shown by analysis, the Royal.



Com'r of Health, New-York City.

**PRISONER (sentenced to ten days).—"What would ye do if O' said ye was an out'd fule?" Judge.—"You would get ten days more for contempt." Prisoner.—"Thin, begorra. O'll n'ot say it—O'll only think it."—N. Y. Herald.**

**"Mrs. BANGLE is perfectly devoted to her children." Mrs. Slasher.—"How very sad!" "Sad! How do you make that out?" Mrs. Slasher.—"Why, her poor darling Fido must be dead."—Inter Ocean.**

**A SURE THING.—Young Lady.—"Doctor, can you recommend something that will make me pretty?" Doctor.—"Yes. Money. Two dollars, please."—Detroit Free Press.**

**The modern gown has one advantage—it gives a woman room to laugh in her sleeve.—Philadelphia Record.**

**The real duty is neglected when we stop over one duty to perform another.—Ram's Horn.**

St. Jacobs Oil is made to cure **RHEUMATISM**

**I TOLD YOU SO.**



Mirandy Hanks and Betsy Swan,  
Talked on, and on, and on, and on:  
"Mirandy, surely you're not through  
Your washing, and your scrubbing, too?"

"Yes! Mrs. Swan, two hours ago,  
And everything's as white as snow;  
But then, you see, it's all because  
I use the SOAP called SANTA CLAUS."

**SANTA CLAUS SOAP.**

SOLD EVERYWHERE. Made by THE N. K. FAIRBANK COMPANY, Chicago.

THE POT INSULTED THE KETTLE BECAUSE THE COOK HAD NOT USED

**SAPOLIO**

GOOD COOKING DEMANDS CLEANLINESS. SAPOLIO SHOULD BE USED IN EVERY KITCHEN.

**THE YOUTH'S COMPANION**

Comes Every Week. For all the Family. Finely Illustrated. \$1.75 a Year.  
The Full Prospectus for 1895 (sent free to every applicant) gives abundant evidence of the variety, interest and value of the contents of the sixty-ninth volume of THE YOUTH'S COMPANION. The following titles of articles and names of Contributors suggest a few of its many attractions.

**Contributors for 1895.**

- Mr. Gladstone has written a striking paper of reminiscences of his lifelong friend and physician, Sir Andrew Clark.
- Two Daughters of Queen Victoria, { The Princess Christian, of Schleswig-Holstein, The Princess Louise (Marchioness of Lorne), W. Clark Russell, James Matthew Barrie, Rudyard Kipling, Mark Twain, William Dean Howells.
- The Story of My First Voyage,  
A School Revisited,  
The Bold 'Prentice, The Story of a Locomotive Engineer,  
How to Tell a Story,  
An Editor's Relations with Young Authors,  
And Articles and Stories by more than a hundred other well-known writers.

- Serial Stories.**  
The Lottery Ticket, J. T. Trowbridge.  
The Young Boss, Edward W. Thomson.  
A Girl of the Revolution, Dorothy Nelson.  
By Harold Frederic, C. A. Stephens, W. J. Long, C. M. Thompson, Warren L. Wattis, and others.
- Health and Home Articles.**  
Self-Cure of Wakefulness, Dr. W. A. Hammond.  
The Cellar, Dr. W. C. Braislitt.  
Dresses for Children, Louise Manville-Fenn.  
Put the Children on Record, Pres. Stanley Hall.  
Help for Consumptives, Dr. Harold Ernst.

**Favorite Features for 1895.**

Short Stories; Adventure Stories; Travellers' Tales; Anecdotes of Noted People; Life in Foreign Schools; Papers on Art and Artists; Articles on Science, Natural History and Hygiene; Papers by American Admirals; Opportunities for Boys; Football, Fishing and Camping; Editorials; Poems; Selections; Children's Page; Fine Illustrations; Most Wholesome Reading for all the Family.

**THIS SLIP** FREE TO JANUARY 1, 1895. **WITH \$1.75**

New Subscribers who will cut out this slip and send it with name and address and \$1.75 at once, will receive THE COMPANION FREE to January 1, 1895, and for a full year from that date. This special offer includes the Thanksgiving, Christmas, New Year's and Easter Double Holiday Numbers.

Address THE YOUTH'S COMPANION, Boston, Mass.

**Odds and Ends.**

It has been discovered that the rage for physical culture is giving the women big feet. However the dear creatures will not mind over-nutrition of the feet if it is a necessary accompaniment of the growth of their under-standing.

An Indiana farmer lighted a fire in a stove wherein his good wife had secreted \$200 in greenbacks. It is sad that people should ever lose money; but since it must be so, the sort that pack their wealth in stoves would seem to be appropriate selections on the part of Providence.

One can become a famous chicken man, or hog man, or cattle man, or horse man, as he chooses, but he must remember that each road to fortune requires special knowledge. Our fathers made money in a haphazard way, we hardly know how, but in these days of competitive effort this cannot be done.

Over 600 men entered the freshman class at Yale; the real class, not the specials. This is equal in number to the entire lot of students in the college, say twenty years ago. It is extremely unlikely that the old-fashioned class feeling, which has always been a great feature at Yale, can be preserved now that the classes are so large.

Now that the changes have been pretty well wrung on the old fad of cancer-producing tomatoes, the other extreme is being resorted to by the adoption of all sorts of commonplace vegetables as antidotes. Red cancer is being put forth as a sure cancer cure. In many parts of the country any abnormal swelling is at once looked upon as a tumor of the malignant type, and red clover eating at once urged.

Patriotism in Japan animates all ranks of the people, the mendicant, priests and nuns contribute their mites to the war fund, while the empress and the ladies of the nobility give their jewels and prepare with their own hands lint and other assuagements for the wounded. This patriotic spirit invites the admiration of all the world except China, and may not be without appreciation even in that torpid and insensible land, which has the best of reason for being interested in it.

If orchards were given as much care and cultivation as is bestowed on regular crops there would be less injury from insects and fewer cases of disease. It is neglect of the orchards that causes the trees to run down and cease to grow or bear fruit. An orchard should receive as much attention as grain crops, and will give a larger profit than grain or hay in proportion to area of ground covered, while sheep and poultry can utilize the space and secure quite a share of their subsistence therefrom.

A sheep is an animal that is easily overfed, and one if overfed requires a longer time to recover from the effects than almost any other animal. There is no class of stock it is more injurious to leave feed before. In all feeding, whether for growth or to fatten, only such a quantity as they will readily eat up clean should be given. More than this is positively injurious. In fattening, in nearly all cases the better plan is to gradually increase the grain ration, and not put on a full fattening food too rapidly.

A father of some marriageable daughters not far from Mount Vernon, N. Y., had occasion to have a sofa upholstered, and here is a list of what was found between the back and cushion: Forty seven hair-pins, 19 suspender buttons, 3 moustache combs, 13 needles, 35 cigarettes, 8 photographs, 217 pins, 76 grains of coffee, 46 cloves, 27 cuff buttons, 6 pocketknives, 15 poker chips, a vial of homeopathic medicine, 34 lumps of chewing gum, 50 toothpicks, 28 matches, 39 collar buttons, 11 neckties, 2 love letters, a few pieces of candy, 2 dimes, 3 quarters, 1 nickel, 5 buckles, 5 lead pencils, 1 pen and 4 button hooks.

Courage, hopefulness, patience and relief of the difficulties and burdens of the journey of life with a song and a laugh and a cheery hail to the passerby, these are the essential characteristics of the teachings of Oliver Wendell Holmes. It will be as the sublimation of the Yankee character in its most benignant and amiable qualities of mind, heart and intellect, dealing profoundly as the Yankee ever does with great themes that this wit, philosopher and poet will be reckoned among the great literary men of his country when posterity has viewed them grouped.

The ability to grow pork properly does not by any means depend entirely upon the ability to grow corn. Corn is certainly the leading food factor in successful pork-growing, but no kind of meat requires a more varied diet to grow it in fine form and to grow it in continuity without endangering the stamina of the pigs. The section, therefore, which is best adapted to the growing of pork, other things equal is that section which can grow corn readily and also other food products in conjunction with it.

**Putting Away Summer Clothing.**

In putting away summer wash dresses, they must be rough dried, then folded and packed in a box or trunk by themselves. It is an excellent idea to go over each one and take the few mending stitches that are sure to be needed.

Challies, crepons and summer silks should be carefully shaken and brushed, spots sponged, bows of ribbon taken off and unmade, if possible, or the dust carefully wiped off with a bit of silk dipped in weak ammonia water, and packed away in separate boxes.

The same rule applies where laces trim the dresses. If these are washable, they should be washed, otherwise shaken and wound around a bottle or woolen roll.

It is a good plan to let the dresses hang wrong side out in the air all of a sunny morning; if you live in a hotel, to hang in a hot room the same length of time is a good substitute.

Rumpled rushes, shields and bent bones should be taken from the waists, and a skilled maid says the linings should be brushed down every seam, with cologne and water.

Feathers and flowers should be taken from the hats and bonnets, wrapped carefully and separately in tissue paper and consigned to boxes where they will not be crushed. The flowers should have each leaf pulled out, and if breathed on before using again will be found as fresh as ever.

Parasols ought to be rolled and have a loose slip-cover put on, after they are carefully wiped.—Ex.

**Agricultural Notes.**

The government crop report makes it appear that the corn crop will fall more than one-fourth below the average.

The shortage in the hay crop is serious only in the shipping sections of the central states.

High prices for Irish potatoes are indicated for the future.

All careful experiments with crimson clover go to prove that in sections where it will thrive it is one of the greatest benefits the farmer can have.

The sweet potato crop falls 10 per cent below the average this season.

The onion yield of this country is below the average.

In a bulletin on nostrums for increasing the yield of butter H. W. Wiley exposes such frauds as "black pepsin," "gilt edge butter compound" and similar materials, which have been quite extensively advertised for increasing the yield of butter.

The total hay crop has been estimated at 60,250,000 tons, against 65,000,000 tons in 1893.

The improved corn harvester is destined to become a great factor in garnering corn.

**Brilliant.**

It takes a strong man to hold his own tongue.

Avoid temptation by keeping out of bad company.

No one can have joy to-day who is worrying about to-morrow.

The first step to knowledge is to know that we are ignorant.

Society is what people are when they know that they are watched.

The only real courage is that which comes from knowing we are right.

Love is the only thing that can lighten burdens by adding to them.

The devil probably feels that he has a good helper in the self-righteous man.

If you are leading a child, it may be that you are commanding a great army.

The man who has done his prayerful best has done all that God expects of him.

One of the hardest things to get people to believe is that little sins are deadly.

It is a recognized rule of manners to avoid exaggeration. A lady loses as soon as she admires too easily and too much; a man makes his inferiors his superiors by heat.

**Bucklen's Arnica Salve.**

The Best Salve in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Feyer Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns, and all Skin Eruptions, and positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by F. P. Glazier & Co.

**Markets.**

Chelsea, Oct. 31, 1894

Eggs, per dozen	15c
Butter, per pound	19c
Oa s, per bushel	32c
Corn, per bushel	25c
Wheat, per bushel	47c
Potatoes, per bushel	50c
Apples, per bushel	30c
Onions, per bushel	40c
Beans, per bushel	\$1 35

**Spend Your Outing On The Great Lakes.**

Visit picturesque Mackinac Island. It will only cost you about \$12.50 from Detroit; \$15 from Toledo; \$18 from Cleveland, for the round trip, including meals and berths. Avoid the heat and dust by traveling on the D. & C. floating palaces. The attractions of a trip to the Mackinac region are unsurpassed. The island itself is a grand romantic spot, its climate most invigorating. Two new steel passenger steamers have just been built for the upper lake route, costing \$800,000 each. They are equipped with every modern convenience, annunciators, bath-rooms, etc., illuminated throughout by electricity, and are guaranteed to be the grandest, largest and safest steamers on fresh water. These steamers favorably compare with the great ocean liners in construction and speed. Four trips per week between Toledo, Detroit, Alpena, Mackinac, St. Ignace, Petoskey, Chicago, "Soo," Marquette and Duluth: Daily between Cleveland and Detroit. Daily between Cleveland and Put-in-Bay. The cabins, parlors and state-rooms of these steamers are designed for the complete entertainment of humanity under home conditions; the palatial equipment, the luxury of the appointment makes traveling on these steamers thoroughly enjoyable. Send for illustrated descriptive pamphlet. Address A. A. SCHANTZ, G. P. & T. A. D. & C. Detroit, Mich.

**Ordinance No. 93.**

An Ordinance granting Chelsea Electric Light Co. permission to set poles and string wires.

The Village of Chelsea ordains:

SEC. 1. Consent, permission and authority is hereby given to the Chelsea Electric Light Company, of Chelsea, a corporation organized under and by virtue of the Laws of the State, of Michigan, as long as it may exist, to erect, lay, operate and maintain and run in the public streets, lanes, avenues, alleys and other public places in the village of Chelsea, all needful and proper poles, mains, wires, pipes, lamps and other apparatus to be used for the transmission of electricity for the purpose of furnishing light.

SEC. 2. Whenever it may be found necessary to make any construction or repairs that the Company shall take care not to unnecessarily or unreasonably obstruct or injure any street, alley, sidewalk or lane and shall with reasonable diligence restore such streets, sidewalks, lanes or alleys to as good a state of repair as the same were in before disturbed by said Company, and shall in all respects fully indemnify and save harmless the Village of Chelsea from and against all damage or costs which the Village may be put to or sustain by reason of such disturbance.

SEC. 3. This Ordinance shall take effect and be in force from and after its publication.

Approved this 10th day, of September, A. D. 1894, by order of the Village Board.  
WILLIAM BACON, President.  
JOHN B. COLE, Clerk.

**It...**

Is a well-known fact that judicious advertising always pays—especially news-paper advertising. If you put your "ad" in the right paper your business will grow, because people will see that you are alive, and they would rather deal with a live man than a corpse. If you advertise in this paper you will find that it

**Pays.**

**\$40.00 PER WEEK FOR WILLING WORKERS**

of either sex, any age, in any part of the country, at the employment which we furnish. You need not be away from home over night. You can give your whole time to the work, or only your spare moments. As capital is not required you run no risk. We supply you with all that is needed. It will cost you nothing to try the business. Any one can do the work. Beginners make money from the start. Failure is unknown with our workers. Every hour you labor you can easily make a dollar. No one who is willing to work fails to make more money every day than can be made in three days at any ordinary employment. Send for free book containing the fullest information.

**H. HALLETT & CO.,**  
Box 880,  
PORTLAND, MAINE.



**GEO. E. DAVIS,**

Everybody's  
Auctioneer.

**Auctioneer!**

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**HERALD OFFICE.**



**The Evening News,**

"The Great Daily of Michigan."

You take your home paper! of course you do, but it is a mistake not to read "The Great Daily of Michigan," the leader in every branch of news, as well as thought and literary merit. If you find any or all other State papers profitable, yet THE NEWS should and will find a place in your hands and your families. Tens of thousands of other citizens of this great State have found its worth.

2 CENTS PER COPY.  
10 CENTS A WEEK.  
\$1.25 FOR 3 MONTHS BY MAIL.

THE EVENING NEWS,

DETROIT.

Agencies in every village, town and city in the State of Michigan.

**Varicocele, Emissions, Nervous Debility, Seminal Weakness, Gleet, Stricture, Syphilis, Unnatural Discharges, Self Abuse, Kidney and Bladder Diseases Positively Cured by**

**The New Method Treatment—A Wonderful Discovery**

You can Deposit the Money in Your Bank or with Your Postmaster to be paid us after you are CURED under a written Guarantee!

Self Abuse, Excesses and Blood Diseases have wrecked the lives of thousands of young men and middle aged men. The farm, the workshop, the Sunday school, the office, the professions—all have its victims. Young men, if you have been indiscreet, beware of the future. Middle aged men, you are growing prematurely weak and old, both sexually and physically. Consult us before too late. NO NAMES USED WITHOUT WRITTEN CONSENT. Confidential.

**VARICOCELE, EMISSIONS AND SYPHILIS CURED.**

W. S. COLLINS.

W. S. Collins, of Saginaw, Speaks.

W. S. COLLINS.



BEFORE TREATMENT

"I am 29. At 15 I learned a bad habit which I continued till 18. I then became 'one of the boys' and led a gay life. Exposure produced Syphilis. I became nervous and despondent; no ambition; memory poor; eyes red, sunken and blurry; pimples on face; hair loose, bone pains; weak back; varicocele; dreams and losses at night; weak parts; deposit in urine, etc. I spent hundreds of dollars without help, and was contemplating suicide when a friend recommended Dr. Kennedy & Kergan's New Method Treatment. Thank God I tried it. In two months I was cured. This was six years ago, and never had a return. Was married two years ago and all happy. Boys, try Drs. Kennedy & Kergan's New Method Treatment before giving up hope."



AFTER TREATMENT

S. A. TONTON.

Seminal Weakness, Impotency and Varicocele Cured

S. A. TONTON.



BEFORE TREATMENT

"When I consulted Drs. Kennedy & Kergan, I had little hope. I was surprised. Their new Method Treatment improved me the first week. Emissions ceased, nerves became strong, pains disappeared, hair grew in again, eyes became bright, cheerful life company and strong sexually. Having tried many Quacks, I can heartily recommend Drs. Kennedy & Kergan as reliable Specialists. They treated me honorably and skillfully."



AFTER TREATMENT

T. P. EMERSON.

A Nervous Wreck—A Happy Life.

T. P. EMERSON.



BEFORE TREATMENT

"I live on the farm. At school I learned an early habit, which weakened me physically, sexually and mentally. Family Doctors said I was going into 'decline' (Consumption). Finally 'The Golden Monitor', edited by Drs. Kennedy & Kergan fell into my hands. I learned the Truth and Cause. Self abuse had sapped my vitality. I took the New Method Treatment and was cured. My friends think I was cured of Consumption. I have sent them many patients, all of whom were cured. Their New Method Treatment supplies vigor, vitality and manhood."



AFTER TREATMENT

**READER!** Are you a victim? Have you lost hope? Are you contemplating marriage? Has your blood been diseased? Have you any weakness? Our New Method Treatment will cure you. What it has done for others it will do for you. **CURES GUARANTEED OR NO PAY** 16 Years in Detroit. 160,000 Cured. No Risk.

Consultation Free. No matter who has treated you, write for an honest opinion Free of charge. Charges reasonable. Books Free—"The Golden Monitor" (Illustrated), on Diseases of men. Inclose postage, 2 cents. Sealed. NO NAMES USED WITHOUT WRITTEN CONSENT. PRIVATE. No medicine sent C. O. D. No names on boxes or envelopes. Everything confidential. Question list and cost of Treatment, FREE.

**DRS. KENNEDY & KERGAN, No. 148 SHELBY ST. DETROIT, MICH.**

**The Parlor Barber Shop,**  
Chelsea, Mich.

Good work and close attention to business is my motto. With this in view, I hope to secure, at least, part of your patronage.

GEO. EDER, Prop.

**MICHIGAN CENTRAL**

"The Niagara Falls Route."

Time table taking effect June 10th, 1894.

90th MERIDIAN TIME.

Passenger Trains on the Michigan Central Railroad will leave Chelsea Station as follows:

GOING EAST.	
Detroit Night Express	5:10 A. M.
Grand Rapids Express	10:35 A. M.
Mall and Express	3:33 P. M.
GOING WEST.	
Mall and Express	9:17 A. M.
Grand Rapids Express	6:30 P. M.
Chicago Night Express	10:52 P. M.

WM. MARTIN, Agent, Chelsea.  
O. W. RUEGELS, General Passenger and Ticket Agent, Chicago.

**ECONOMY REPAIRING OUTFIT.**



**FIRE! FIRE!!**  
If you want insurance call Gilbert & Crowell. We represent companies whose gross assets amount to the sum of \$45,000,000.